THE NEW NORTH.

VOLUME 16, NO. 40. RHINELANDER, WISCONSIN, THURSDAY, NOV. 24, 1898. TERMS—$1.50 IN ADVANCE

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SPAFFORD & COLE.

Lay Sermon.

Canst thou bind the sweet influences of Pleiades, or loose the bands of Orion?
Job, 38—31

Job was constructively in the Court of Heaven, and underwent the most tremendous cross examination ever endured by mortal man. Although the Patriarch had held fast his integrity and maintained his patience, yet there had been in his tone and manner a shade of querulousness, a trifle of complaining, but no sinful or rebellious spirit. There was, however, just enough human weakness to require an impressive lesson, and the concentration of spiritual forces to infuse confidence and impart strength. So when the answer came "out of the whirlwind" Job was brought to the very ordeal that he and his friends most needed.

It is a solemn and trying thing to be confronted with the mysteries of the universe. One can realize this in some degree by studying the 38th and 39th chapters of Job. But how fully would a man appreciate his own littleness if some heavenly messenger should lead him out into the very sphere and presence of those mysteries. If he wants to know how small he is let him go up into the rolling clouds where the lightning is born, where the rain and the hail and the snow are generated. Let him float on the immensity of space where the worlds revolve. Let him go down into ocean's depths and play with the monsters of the deep. Let him scale the mountain crags where the eagles build their nests, or enter the lion's den and steal away her whelps. There isn't a corner of the universe that does not contain some work of divine power which, by contrast, would demonstrate man's liliputian dimensions.

But Job was a very sensible witness. He listened patiently to the voice out of the whirlwind. He would not prevaricate. He scorned equivocation. He confessed his weakness and ignorance, and, like every honest witness, won the respect and confidence of his examiner.

In contemplating the largeness of thought and depth of knowledge displayed in this wonderful book, one is constrained to marvel that there should be any antagonism between man and his Maker. Yet such there is continually. The trouble with man is that he presumes on his knowledge, and does not stop to consider that it has limits. He knows what and where are the mysteries of earth and sky, but you ask him how? Why? When? and his boasted knowledge is terminated as abruptly as if, with his head for a battering ram, he had attempted to batter down a stone wall. What a shock it is to man's self complacency to ask him how the least combination is made or operation performed in nature's vast laboratory. Brother, I am willing to concede that you know everything, but you are as ignorant as a Chinese Joss of the hows, the whys and the wherefores of nature's works.

Considering the knowledge and experience of mankind, it is surprising that there are so few modern Jobs. It is difficult for any man to acknowledge ignorance. Nearly all men, from the sage to the jester, assume knowledge they do not possess. But few have the frankness of Job and confess their comparative nothingness when questioned by the voice out of the whirlwind.

In the presence of the solemn grandeur of the universe I do not believe there ever was a sincere Atheist. Many have tried to be. They have invoked science, philosophy, reason, ridicule, every device and every theory, to eliminate the idea of creation by a potential first cause. But I do not believe the mind ever has existed from which the last remnant of doubt has been expelled.

But there is another and a larger class who need a little of Job's discipline. There are those who, because they believe everything, imagine they are everything. If there is a hopeless case in all humanity it is the perfectly self satisfied christian, the man who smiles in placid restfulness, and thinks that everything that don't go his way is a badge of eternal perdition.

Job's officious friends must have been of that class. The great difficulty in contending with people of that class is that they are utterly obtuse. They have intrenched themselves within a sort of impenetrable wall which, though invisible, is impervious to the most incisive logic and the keenest shafts of ridicule. I met one the other day. He was a young man of good ability and possessed all the resources of usefulness, but was content with the consciousness and ease of negative goodness. I endeavored to enlist him in active work in a good cause, portraying the rewards which such labor would insure. His only answer was the stale adage "virtue is its own reward." I could not help replying, "young man, on that basis your dividends will be almighty small."

The truth is, there is only one source of knowledge,—revelation. Nature's externals are not knowledge, they are only manifestations. The cause is yet to be discovered. Effects are only the physical evidences that there is something more to learn. An idiot can see an effect but sees no farther. Wisdom says there is a cause behind it, and there lies the knowledge we must search for. Sometimes nature yields up its secrets, sometimes supreme wisdom reveals them. But it is all revelation. Nature itself is revelation, and unless her unfolded knowledge is sought in the right way it will ever remain a secret. Knowledge will some day conquer the world, but it will be through the same power which constitutes the first great cause. No conquest ever was or ever will be permanent without God in it. Alexander supposed he had conquered the world, but the wine cup conquered him and his empire fell in fragments. Caesar, with Rome at his feet, put on the Imperial purple, but the assassin's dagger pierced the royal robes and opened the way for tyranny, decay and final dismemberment of empire. Napoleon followed the star of destiny, but his star fell like a meteor and was quenched in the carnage of Waterloo.

Work develops knowledge. He who would have his works endure must heed the voice out of the whirlwind. Men and nations must seek true knowledge where alone it can be found, must build character upon that, and must see to it that their works conform to the knowledge thus derived. And the character thus formed and the works thus accomplished shall live forever, and shall stand as land marks for the millions yet to be. So mote it be.

Died.

Saturday night at 6:15 death came to end the suffering of Mrs. Robert Warren, who had been lying ill at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. Broulette, for the past three months.

Mrs. Warren was taken sick in July at Minneapolis, where she was visiting her brother Frank. Her ailment seemed to be nothing worse than a bad cold at the time, but she could not rid herself of it until it had fastened on her lungs. Everything possible was done to bring her back to health, but her condition finally became such that it was thought best to bring her here, where the end came, quick consumption being the cause.

Mrs. Warren was 24 years old and was one of a family of eight children, she being the oldest daughter. A little baby girl is left behind, who will be brought up by her brother Frank.

Before dying Mrs. Warren embraced the christian faith and was baptized by Rev. G. H. Kemp, of the First Congregational church, from which house of worship the funeral was held Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock, the ceremonies being attended by all of the relatives and a large number of friends who gathered in spite of the inclemency of the weather to do tribute to the dead.

The County Board Meeting.

The county board disposed of matters before it most expeditiously last week, but four and one-half days being required to transact all the business on hand. The board changed the existing order of things in a few instances in such manner as to cause all kinds of comment from those interested on the outside. For instance, the ordinance to divide the Town of Pelican was something of an astonisher to many. Supervisor Taylor moved to lay the ordinance on the table, but his motion was lost. Supervisor Yawkey's motion that the ordinance be adopted as read was carried, Supervisors Jenne, Kelley, Olson, Porter, Shoepke, Wubker and Yawkey voting aye, and Supervisors Coon, Taylor, Schafer and Gagen voting no.

The ordinance as carried provides for the splitting of the Town of Pelican, which is now made up of nearly eleven townships, into three parts, and the creating of two new towns, Newbold and Sugar Camp. Under the new arrangement Pelican will consist of two townships and twenty-two sections, Newbold three and one-half townships, Sugar Camp five townships.

This division is held by a number to mean that the towns will more quickly be settled up than would be the case under the old condition of affairs, and that settlers will be tumbling over each other to locate in these new towns, but from our experience we cannot see where the incentive will come in for a settler to locate when the item of taxes will eat up more than he can realize from his land. Pelican as it is now constituted does not embrace territory to compare in value with Sugar Camp, nor sufficient to pay the running expenses.

It is amusing to hear the expressions of feeling which come from those former ardent supporters of Mr. Wubker, who was elected chairman of the town of Pelican over Mr. J. C. Curran at the last town election. Mr. Wubker's pledges to his constituents are matters of history. His earnest efforts to lighten the load of the poor tax payers (if they elected him chairman,) and his zeal for all that was righteous and just, causes a sour taste to enter the mouths of those voters who thought he was the whole thing, but who now know him for what he is. Even now there are a number of good honest Germans in the town who are wondering where they are at, and to whose eyes the expressive countenance of Mr. Wubker has changed within the past ten days.

The county basis of valuation and apportionment of taxes were fixed as follows: Town of Gagen, $380,000, 9 per cent.; Town of Hazelhurst, $800,00, 20 per cent., Town of Pelican, $880,000, 22 per cent; City of Rhinelander, $1,240,000, 31 per cent.; Shoepke, $200,000, 5 per cent.; Woodboro, $520,000, 13 per cent.

The county tax levy for 1899 was set at $21,700, and the soldiers relief fund was fixed at $700.

The board considered that $100 was sufficient remuneration for the services of deputy game wardens and enacted accordingly, and recommended that that amount be set aside from the money received for deer licenses.

One of the most important acts of the board was that of naming the NEW NORTH the official county paper.

Dr. S. R. Stone was appointed county physician by the board for the ensuing year.

The United States Senatorship.

Now that election is over and the time approaches for the assembling of a republican legislature, the United States Senatorship assumes more definite form and excites greater interest. The reticence of most of the legislators, and the unusual number of candidates in the field, indicate a spirited contest and give promise that the choice will be one which the people will approve.

Without disparagement to any other candidate, the writer favors the election of Judge Charles M. Webb, of Grand Rapids.

The junior Senator occupies a commanding position, and if a man of recognized standing and ability should become the colleague of Senator Spooner, the senatorial delegation from Wisconsin would rank once more with that of any other state in the Union.

Judge Webb has been a resident of Wisconsin over forty years. During nearly all that time he has resided at Grand Rapids. There he began the practice of law, met and overcame all the difficulties of professional and business life, has attained exceptional success, and enjoys the universal esteem and affection of his neighbors.

He is a man of unquestioned ability and high legal attainments. His political views are pronounced and eminently sound. His integrity never has been questioned. He is in every respect a positive man. No one ever has been in doubt about his opinions, political, personal or otherwise. He is a steadfast friend, a manly and open opponent, an able lawyer, an upright judge, a genial, companionable gentleman. He is the peer of the ablest and the superior of a majority of the avowed candidates.

Judge Webb has not the backing of wealth. He enjoys a moderate competence but has no money to invest in political honors. That ought to be a recommendation with Wisconsin legislators. In the senatorial contests of the past there have been too many "golden bullets" fired. The purchase of such honors has become the shame of American politics. Mediocrity has too often triumphed over genius through the instrumentality of wealth The people demand that this shall cease. Let the people emphasize their demand to their representatives in the legislature, and give them to understand that merit, not money, must win this time. And we can all rest assured that, if Judge Webb shall be chosen, the choice will not only honor a good, honest, able man, but will be evidence that Wisconsin has pronounced emphatically in favor of pure politics.

REPUBLICAN.

ORDINANCE.

The County Board of Supervisors of Oneida County do ordain as follows:

1. The following described territory, to-wit: All that part of section number one of township thirty-six, north of range eight east not included within the limits of the incorporated city of Rhinelander; sections number two and three of said town thirty-six range eight east; all of township thirty-seven north of range eight east not included within the limits of the incorporated city of Rhinelander; township thirty-eight north of range eight east township thirty-nine north of range eight east and the north half of township thirty-nine north of nine east, is hereby detached from the Town of Pelican in Oneida county and organized into a town to be named the Town of Newbold. And the said Co. Board of Supervisors has determined and does hereby determine that the said territory comprising the said Town of Newbold contains a population of at least one hundred and twenty-five inhabitants, at least twenty-five of whom have been actual electors of the state and resident within the said territory for more than six months prior to this date.

2. The following described territory, to-wit: All of township thirty-seven north of range nine east not included in the limits of the incorporated city of Rhinelander; township thirty-eight north of range nine east; the south half of township thirty-nine north of range nine east; township thirty-seven north of range ten east, township thirty-eight north range ten east and the south half of township thirty-nine north range ten east is hereby detached from the said Town of Pelican and organized into a town to be named the Town of Sugar Camp. And the said County Board of Supervisors has determined and does hereby determine that the said territory, comprising the said Town of Sugar Camp contains a population of at least one hundred and twenty-five inhabitants, at least twenty-five of whom have been actual electors of the state and resident within the said territory for more than six months prior to this date.

3. The first town meeting of the said Town of Newbold shall be held on the fourth day of April, 1899, at the School House on Section five (5), township thirty-seven, range eight east. The first town meeting of the said Town of Sugar Camp shall be held on the fourth day of April, 1899, at the school house known as the Tripp School House on or near section twelve, township thirty-eight, range nine east

4. It is hereby determined that the total assessment of the old Town of Pelican according to the assessment roll of 1898 is $738,791. That the assessment of the said Town of Newbold according to said assessment roll is $151,805. That the assessment of the said Town of Sugar Camp according to said assessment roll is $113,255. It is hereby determined that 20 56-100 per cent. of the indebtedness legally incurred by the said Town of Pelican shall be chargeable to the said Town of Newbold, and that 15 29-100 per cent of the indebtedness legally incurred by the said town of Pelican shall be chargeable to the said town of Sugar Camp.

5. It is further determined that the indebtedness legally incurred by the Town of Pelican is the sum of $3390.00, being the amount of a state loan in excess of the amount levied in this year's tax for a first payment. It is determined that $639 81-100 of this sum shall be chargeable to the said Town of Newbold and $1851 25-100 of this sum shall be chargeable to the said Town of Sugar Camp. It is determined that the indebtedness incurred by the said Town of Pelican in anticipation of the tax levy of 1898 is offset by said tax levy.

6. It is hereby determined that the said Town of Newbold is entitled to receive of said Town of Pelican 20 56-100 per cent. of the credits of said town, and that said Town of Sugar Camp is entitled to receive of said Town of Pelican 15 29-100 per cent. of the credits of said Town of Pelican.

7. It is hereby determined that the credits of said Town of Pelican, aside from the tax levy aforesaid, are to the amount and value of $1,250; and of this sum the said Town of Newbold is entitled to receive of the said town of Pelican the sum of $256 72-100 and the said Town of Sugar Camp is entitled to receive of the said Town of Pelican the sum of $381 88-100.

8. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force on and after the fourth day of April, 1899.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, } ss.
ONEIDA COUNTY.

OFFICE OF COUNTY CLERK.

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of a certain ordinance adopted by the County Board of Supervisors of Oneida County, on the 19th day of November, 1898, and of the whole thereof; and that I have closely compared such copy with the original ordinance.

Dated Nov. 21, 1898.

E. P. BRENNAN,
County Clerk,
Oneida Co., Wis.

Beautiful Sea Shells.

Every one admires them. Since coming to Florida I have received numerous inquiries for sea shells, and now I am prepared to answer, yes I can send you shells, for I have made quite a collection of lovely shells, both from our own coast, the coral reefs, and some beautiful ones from the West India Islands. I will mail a dozen or more different kinds, no two alike, to anyone who sends a stamp for postage.

MRS. F. A. WARNER,
Jacksonville, Fla.

NEW NORTH.

RHINELANDER PRINTING COMPANY.

RHINELANDER. • WISCONSIN.

EMPEROR WILLIAM uses the largest visiting cards of any member of Europe's royal families. They are of heavy card, six inches long and four inches wide. On the upper line is the single word "Wilhelm," and on the second line are the words "Deutscher Kaiser und Koenig von Prussian."

SOME years ago Boone, Ia., was suffering from an epidemic of typhoid fever. Col. George Waring, who died of yellow fever in New York recently, came west and projected a sanitary system for that town, which is regarded as equal to that of any city of the same size in America. Just when he was commissioned to go to Havana he had about completed arrangements to practically duplicate the Boone system in several other Iowa cities.

A GERMAN dentist, Dr. Herz, proposes to put microbes in our mouths to steal away our pains. His discovery consists in an inoculant prepared from microbes he cultivates for the purpose. When applied in the case of a decayed tooth it stops the pain, but does not destroy the nerve; further, it again fixes the tooth and makes it possible to put in a lasting stopping. He has already treated a number of cases with it, and they have proved most successful.

IF a child in Switzerland does not attend school on a particular day the parents gets a notice from the public authority that he is fined so many francs; the second day the fine is increased and by the third day the amount has become a serious one. In case of sickness the pupil is excused, but if there is any suspicion of shamming a doctor is sent. If the suspicion proves to be well founded the parent is required to pay the cost of the doctor's visit.

A SUBSTITUTE for tobacco has been discovered by an eastern chemist. The appearance, odor, taste and effect on the system are all reproduced, it is claimed, and the sham can only be told by a microscopical examination. The one essential difference between the leaf tobacco and the substitute is the absence of nicotine in the latter. The cost of producing the substitute is said to be small, and a promise of the best perfectos of today at a price within the reach of all is made.

A COMPANY has been incorporated in Pittsburgh to abolish the razor. Instead of shaving a man, the barber will daub over his face a lather that will remove the bristles. The company has a capital of $200,000, with which to start business. As soon as it gets its charter it will open a "parlor," where practical demonstrations will be given. Specimen men will sit in a show window on a crowded street and have their beards publicly and painlessly removed by a gentlemanly lecturer.

THE French so ready to use electricity in automobile locomotion, now propose to use the automobile wagons for exploration purposes. M. Felix Dubois, the explorer, intends to use them in his expedition to the Niger river. A number of his wagons were recently inspected and gave satisfaction. He can transport his automobile wagons to within 250 miles of his objective point on the Niger, and he believes he can cover this distance in a week. The bicycle may also be used in exploration.

MEDICAL men of Plainfield, N. J., are deeply interested in the discovery of a man with two distinct and separate hearts and two breast bones, all of which he can move about at will. The man who is thus generously endowed by nature is William King, colored, who claims to be 100 years old. His home is in New Bedford, Mass., and he has been visiting his cousin, Thomas Martin, the jail warden in that city, for several days. That he has two hearts Dr. M. R. Long, chief the Muhlenburg hospital staff, says is undeniable.

CURIOUS creeds can be found among the upper classes. Lord Pollington, eldest son of Lord Mexborough, is a self-confessed Buddhist. The duke of Northumberland and his family, including Lord and Lady Percy, are Irvingites, as are Sir Herbert Maxwell and Lady Frances Balfour, a daughter of the duke of Argyll. Lord and Lady Radnor are credited with being ardent spiritualists. The late Lady Charlemont was a Jewess, not by birth, but by conviction, and Lord Stanley, of Alderly, is said to favor the principles of Mohammed.

EXPERIMENTS with aluminum as a substitute for paper are now under way in France. It is well known that the paper used today in the manufacture of books is not durable. It is now possible to roll aluminum into sheets four-thousandths of an inch in thickness, in which form it weighs less than paper. By the adoption of suitable machinery these sheets can be made even thinner still, and can be used for book and writing paper. The metal will not oxidize, is practically fire and water proof and is indestructible by the jaws of worms.

IN one of the streets of London there has for some time been carried on an industry peculiar even to that city of curious and crowded occupations, namely, an eelskin leather factory. Here are prepared and manufactured an interesting variety of articles from the skin of the common eel. By means of numerous complicated processes the skins are manipulated until they resemble and would be easily taken for leather, although of a more glutinous and pliable nature. In one specialty this strange substance is cut into long, thin strips and plaited together for whiplashes.

IS FIRM WITH SPAIN.

President Sends Strong Instructions to Peace Commissioners.

ARE PRACTICALLY AN ULTIMATUM.

Notification That the Philippines Will Be Held—No Further Argument to Be Allowed—Prompt Action Is Demanded.

Washington, Nov. 21.—The state department has cabled to the American peace commissioners in Paris an explicit statement amounting to an ultimatum, which they are directed to present to the Spaniards at their first meeting this week.

This will declare, first, that the United States will not listen to any argument whatever as to the interpretation of the protocol.

Secondly, it will be said, without equivocation, that the United States proposes to retain for itself every acre of ground in the Philippine islands without exception.

Thirdly, as the Spaniards have declined to submit any showing as to the amount of the Philippine debt expended for the benefit of the islands alone, the United States will offer a lump sum—not varying much from $20,000,000. This will not be itemized, so that the Spaniards will be forced to accept or decline it, without argument as to the amount.

Finally, the American commissioners have been instructed to demand a categorical answer some day this week—the exact time to be determined by the facility of communication between Paris and Madrid.

Makes No Threats.

The United States makes no threats, and hence the document is not technically an ultimatum, but the Spanish commissioners can easily read between the lines and see that it is the purpose of the president either to secure a treaty or to terminate the negotiations before the meeting of congress, December 5.

The note drafted is the most decisive one yet submitted, and it is believed that it will produce a crisis about the middle of the week. There has been a strong desire to have the treaty of peace come before Thanksgiving day, and it is still the hope of the administration that the Spaniards may be forced to give their answer by Wednesday.

There is still strong belief that they will surrender unconditionally, and it is assumed that all the American commissioners now have to do is to put an end to argument and insist on a definite reply; for it is pretty generally understood that when the Spaniards are forced into a corner they will at once submit to the inevitable.

Loses Patience with Spain.

President McKinley finished reading Saturday morning the long-winded reply of the Spanish peace commission to the American propositions. The president and Secretary Hay were—to put it mildly—disgusted with the diplomatic makeshifts of the Spanish commissioners, who seemed to be entirely unable to appreciate the fact that they occupy, in effect, the position of a conquered nation pleading for mercy. They have spent so much time endeavoring to distort the plain meaning of the protocol, which was intended entirely as a condition precedent to negotiations, that the president has lost patience, and now proposes to submit to the Spaniards a proposition on behalf of the United States which will be so distinct as to prevent hair splitting.

A Most Important Meeting.

Paris, Nov. 21.—The Spanish peace commissioners have been notified that the United States commissioners will be ready to treat with them in joint session this afternoon. Unless the Spaniards have an adequate reason for further delay, the two commissions will join in the most important meeting thus far held.

The American commissioners, in a written communication, will declare that the third article of the protocol regarding the Philippines is capable of only one fair construction, that no arbitration is needed to elucidate its terms, and that the United States cannot admit any other power to figure here purely as a lexicologist. They will maintain that the two commissions are charged to determine whether Spain or the United States shall in future own the Philippines.

This will be accompanied by the clear declaration that the United States will possess the Philippines.

Following this declaration the American commissioners will lay before the Spaniards two alternatives.

First—To accept a sum of money from the United States and to cede and evacuate the Philippines.

Second—To lose the Philippines to the United States by conquest, with the possibility of other territorial losses to indemnify the United States for the added expense of conquest.

Practically an Ultimatum.

This communication may not be formally designated as an ultimatum, but it will lack naught of the conclusiveness indicated by that word. This will be so plain that the Spanish commissioners will scarcely haggle for money on the first alternative nor cherish any doubt of American action under the second, should the first be declined.

Sum to Be Offered Spain.

Paris, Nov. 21.—No one here except the American commission knows how much will be tendered Spain as the cheapest and most humane way of settling the difficulty. She is exceedingly anxious to escape the Philippine debt and possibly the sum to be offered may be determined by an analysis of that debt, which consists of $40,000,000 in bonds, on which she realized $36,000,000. Of the latter amount she is believed to have expended some $10,000,000 or $11,000,000 in fighting the United States, and a part in attempting to quell the Philippine insurrection. A reasonable guess at the sum for tender would be $20,000,000, though it may fall below that.

Opinions of the Correspondents.

London, Nov. 21.—The Madrid correspondent of the Daily Mail says: "It is asserted that the government would reject an offer of $40,000,000 for the Philippines as ridiculous."

The Madrid correspondent of the Standard says: "Spain will decline indemnity for the Philippines if the sum offered appears inadequate in the eyes of the nation."

The Vienna correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says: "Following the advice of Austria and Germany, Spain will accept America's offer of compensation for the Philippines."

Won't Pay Cuban Debt.

The government, it is semiofficially announced, intends to notify the Cuban bondholders that Spain will not pay the Cuban debt, which will not be mentioned in the peace treaty. The government considers itself completely freed from these entanglements, which fall upon the nation exercising sovereignty and collecting taxes in Cuba.

Denied at Madrid.

Madrid, Nov. 21. — The Spanish government has received dispatches from Senor Monteros Rios, president of the peace commission at Paris, detailing the investiture of President Faure with the Order of the Golden Fleece, bestowed upon him by the queen regent, and giving further particulars regarding the peace negotiations. President Faure has conferred the grand cordon of the Legion of Honor on the queen regent.

According to the government officials here, there is no truth in the report that certain prelates are conspiring against the Spanish government.

Count Von Badowitz, the German ambassador, has officially notified the Spanish government that Emperor William has abandoned his intended visit to Spanish ports, "owing to the change in temperature in the Mediterranean."

LEAD INSTEAD OF GOLD.

Four Train Bandits in California Repulsed by a Brave Express Messenger.

St. Bernardino, Cal., Nov. 21.—The west-bound overland passenger train was held up by four robbers about one o'clock Saturday morning between Daggett and Barstow.

Express Messenger Hutchinson drove them off with buckshot and the train pulled out for Los Angeles. At Barstow the trainmen sent a posse back to the scene of the hold-up, where the body of one of the robbers was found, perforated with shot. A special train with Sheriff Holcomb has just left this city for the scene of the hold-up.

Two robbers boarded the engine at Daggett and crawled over the tender. The engineer stopped the train and succeeded in escaping to the coaches. Fred Blakeley, a helper, who also got on the train at Daggett, fired at the two robbers and they jumped from the engine. The robbery was attempted at about 12:30 a. m.

The special, with posse and the body, which is unidentified, arrived at Barstow at three o'clock in the morning. There were four robbers, but only two of them succeeded in getting on the train. They were evidently amateurs. The dead robber is a young man. The train held up was the west-bound Santa Fe overland No. 1, due here at 8:30 in the morning.

Two Men Killed.

New York, Nov. 21.—G. W. Rogers, of Camden, employed as a conductor on the Amboy division of the Pennsylvania railroad, and H. G. Rue, baggagemaster of Rogers' train, were killed at Rahway, N. J., Sunday night. They had completed their run for the day and were walking to the depot to take a train for home when run down by the Chicago limited east bound. Their bodies were cut up and scattered along the track for some distance.

Snowstorm in Colorado.

Denver, Col., Nov. 21.—A snowstorm covering practically the whole state has raged here since noon Sunday, accompanied by a heavy fall of temperature. Shortly before noon the mercury stood at 66 degrees above, and at six o'clock it had fallen to 12 degrees, and was still going down. The snowfall is not sufficient to interfere with railroad traffic.

Manchester Martyrs Remembered.

Dublin, Nov. 21.—The anniversary of the death of the "Manchester Martyrs" was celebrated Sunday. A procession, headed by the stars and stripes and the French tri-color, went to Glasnevin cemetery and placed wreaths upon the graves with the usual ceremonies of decoration. The day was similarly observed in Cork.

Not Confirmed.

London, Nov. 21.—A report entirely unconfirmed has been in circulation Sunday that the steamship Ville de Coblenz, of the North German Lloyd line, had foundered at sea with all on board. Lloyd's agents have received no news on the subject and the owners of the steamer believe her safe.

Swept by a Prairie Fire.

Denison, Tex., Nov. 21.—The most destructive prairie fire ever known is devastating the Indian territory. The damage will run up into the thousands of dollars. The dry spell is jeopardizing the entire wheat belt of the territory.

Furious Storms.

Paris, Nov. 21.—Dispatches from Perpignan, capital of Pyrenees Oriental, on the right bank of the River Tet, report that the region has been visited by severe storms. Many villages have been flooded and traffic is interrupted.

Baron Fava Honored.

Rome, Nov. 21.—The Official Gazette announces the appointment of 20 new senators, including Baron Fava, Italian ambassador to the United States, who will, however, retain the embassy at Washington.

ILOILO SURRENDERS.

Spanish Garrison Gives Up the Capital of Panay.

THE INSURGENTS ARE IN POSSESSION.

Two Warships Sent to the Island by Admiral Dewey—Serious Complications Are Feared by the Americans.

Manila, Nov. 21.—Iloilo, capital of the island of Panay and the second city of the Philippine islands, has been surrendered to the insurgent forces by the Spanish garrison. While this result was long expected, it caused alarm among the Americans, as it marks an important advance made by the forces under Aguinaldo. Immediately on hearing the news Admiral Dewey ordered the United States cruiser Charleston and the gunboat Concord to Panay with orders to prevent excesses by the victorious natives, who are expected to take advantage of their opportunities. Outside of the city and bay of Manila and Cavite, held by the United States, the fall of Iloilo leaves practically all the Philippines in control of the insurgent army. Serious complications are certain, as Aguinaldo has been more independent of late, ignoring his former friends, the Americans. It is feared by the United States officials that the natives can now claim they have won independence and will refuse to submit when the islands are transferred by Spain to America. For a week past Iloilo has been surrounded by the insurgents, and appeals of the inhabitants for American protection were ignored. The city was forced to yield to superior numbers. The victors have probably before this sacked the town.

Spanish Cruisers Raised.

Manila, Nov. 21. — The Spanish cruisers Isla de Cuba and Isla de Luzon, which were sunk during the battle of Manila, have been floated and docked at Cavite.

The United States revenue cutter McCulloch has left Manila on her way home.

The Philippine provinces have suffered from the severest typhoon in years. Malalos, the headquarters of Aguinaldo, has been damaged and many villages have been destroyed.

The merchants of this city have decided to establish a chamber of commerce, which, by Spanish law, they were previously precluded from doing.

Fatal Row at Manila.

Manila, Nov. 21. — Three Filipino natives hired a carriage and afterwards became engaged in a dispute with the driver regarding the fare. Some members of the American military police attempted to arrest the natives, but the latter resisted and Sergt. Price, of the Minnesota regiment, was stabbed and killed and three other American soldiers, Maher, Montgomery and Hoyt, were wounded.

Maher shot one native dead. The others were arrested.

Rumor of an Anarchist Plot.

Paris, Nov. 21.—A terrific explosion occurred Sunday afternoon in the Cafe de Champeaux, underneath the offices of the Havas agency. A woman was killed outright, and eight other persons were seriously injured. It is thought that the explosion was due to ignited gas, but there are rumors of an anarchist plot.

Fatal Explosion.

Lima, O., Nov. 21.—A freight locomotive on the Chicago & Erie railroad exploded near here Sunday morning, killing David Little, the fireman, and probably fatally injuring Walter Shirtleff, engineer; Edward Quick, conducter, and Frank Smith, brakeman. About 25 cars were wrecked and the track was blocked.

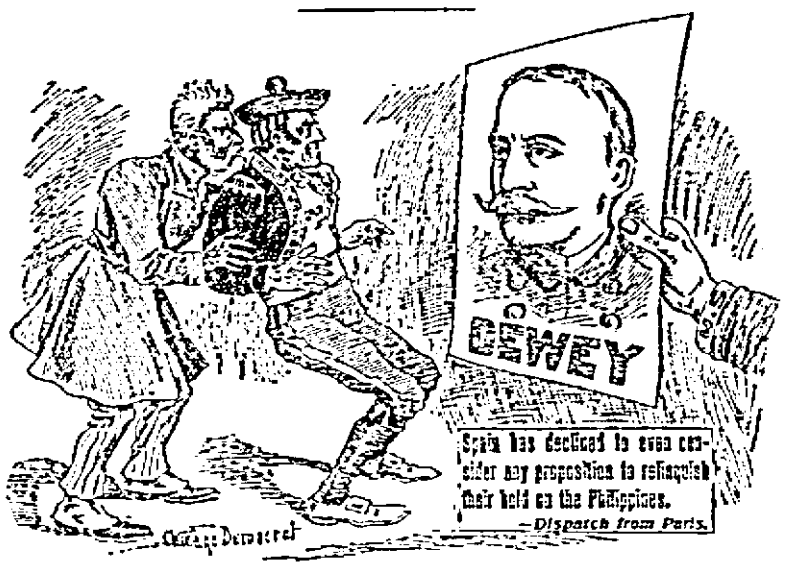
Death of a Millionaire.

Springfield, O., Nov. 21.—Ex-Mayor P. P. Mast died Sunday afternoon after a lingering illness of several months. His estate is estimated at over a million and a half, invested in manufacturing interests. He is the father-in-law of F. R. Loomis, United States minister to Venezuela.

Soon to Be Mustered Out.

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 21.—The Sixth Illinois infantry volunteers, Col. D. Jack Foster commanding, arrived in the city Sunday to be mustered out of the United States military service. They will be paid and mustered out next Friday or Saturday. The pay roll amounts to about $80,000.

SHOW HIM THIS.



It Might Fetch Him Around.

SITUATION AT PANA.

More Troops Are Sent There by Gov. Tanner, and Capt. Butler Removed from Command.

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 21.—Notwithstanding the declaration by Capt. E. C. Butler, in command of the national guards at Pana, made to Gov. Tanner Saturday night that he felt able to cope with the occasion with the troops at his command, a delegation of about 50 business men of Pana, headed by former Mayor Huber, visited the governor at the executive mansion Sunday and informed him that Pana was in a state of terror and that Capt. Butler appeared to be inadequate to the occasion, and asking that the governor send more troops to Pana and take stringent measures to preserve the peace. Accordingly, Gov. Tanner ordered company C, Fifth Illinois infantry, to proceed to Pana. The governor also superseded Capt. Butler, who has been in command at Pana, with Lieut. Col. Frank P. Wells, Fifth infantry, of Decatur.

Pana, Ill., Nov. 21.—Thirty members of company C, in charge of Capt. O'Brien, arrived in Springfield, Ill., at 8:25 Sunday night to reinforce troop B, of Bloomington, Ill., who have been stationed here for the past six weeks. There have been no new developments in the strike situation, but an outbreak is momentarily expected.

VETERAN OF TWO WARS.

Gen. Don Carlos Buell Passes Away at Louisville, Ky.—Brief Account of His Career.

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 21.—Gen. Don Carlos Buell, whose fame on the battlefield of both the Mexican and civil wars, has given luster to American soldiery, died at his home, four miles from Rockport, Ky., Saturday. The end had been expected, for his condition had been low during the past few months.

[Don Carlos Buell was born March 23, 1818, where the city of Lowell now stands. He entered the West Point military academy and was graduated in 1841 and assigned to the Third infantry. He served in the Mexican war, being wounded at Churubusco, and brevetted successively captain and major. He was an assistant adjutant general from 1848 to 1851, when he was made first a lieutenant colonel and on May 17 a brigadier general. In August he was given command of a division of the Army of the Potomac, and in November of the same year he succeeded Gen. W. T. Sherman as commander of the department of the Ohio, formerly the Cumberland. Early in 1862 Gen. Buell began a campaign in Kentucky and Tennessee. He occupied Bowling Green February 14, 1862; Gallatin, Tenn., February 22, and Nashville February 25. In March he was made a major general, and his territory was absorbed into the Mississippi district under Halleck. He took part in the battle of Shiloh in April. Gen. Buell was superseded in command by Gen. Rosecrans late in 1862. He was ordered before a commission for an investigation of his conduct, remaining on trial from November 21, 1862, to May 19, 1863. The result of this commission has never been made public. June 1, 1864, Gen. Buell resigned from the army, and retired to private life. He soon after became president of the Green River iron works, in Kentucky, and was for a time pension agent at Louisville. Buell's action at Shiloh was severely criticised by friends of Gen. Grant, and the controversy raged fiercely for years.]

Lay Claim to Valuable Land.

St. Louis, Nov. 21.—Oskee, chief of the Arapahoe Indians; Wolf Robe, Little Chief and Alle Runo, Cheyenne chiefs, arrived here from the Indian territory, en route to Washington, D. C., to lay claim to 3,500,000 acres of land on the Cherokee strip, valued at $3,000,000. Accompanying the chiefs are 15 Indian girls on their way to the school at Carlisle, Pa.

A New Counterfeit.

Washington, Nov. 21. — John E. Wilkie, chief of the secret service division of the treasury, has issued a circular announcing that a new counterfeit ten-dollar silver certificate is in circulation. It is of the series of 1891, check letter B; portrait of Hendricks; J. Fount Tillman, register; D. N. Morgan, treasurer; small red scalloped seal.

Found Another Body.

Toledo, O., Nov. 21.—After two months of search and the recovery of 13 dead, the grain handlers at the Union elevator found the charred body of an unknown man Sunday. His appearance indicated him to be a well-to-do man, and it is supposed he had been visiting the elevator at the time of the explosion.

Fatal Street Fight.

Macon, Ga., Nov. 21.—W. O. Finney and his son Tom fought a street duel at Milledgeville, Ga., with W. R. and J. R. Stanley. W. O. Finney was killed and Tom Finney probably will die. The Stanley brothers are seriously and perhaps fatally wounded.

AN AWFUL BLUNDER.

An Ohioan Mistakes Blasting Powder for Coal.

HE TRIES TO BUILD A FIRE WITH IT.

In the Explosion Which Follows Two of His Children Are Killed, Another Is Disfigured, and the Man and His Wife Injured.

Columbus, O., Nov. 21.—A Portsmouth (O.) special to the State Journal says: By an accidental explosion of blasting powder Sunday morning George W. Ferguson, a quarryman, is dying, two of his children are dead and his wife and another child are disfigured for life. Ferguson was hunting for wood to build a fire and found a powder can apparently full of coal. When he attempted to start a fire with this a loud explosion followed, which knocked one entire side of the house out. At the time Ferguson, his wife and baby in arms and four little daughters were grouped about the stove. All were knocked down by the force of the explosion. Ira, aged six, and Cynthia, aged 11, died almost instantly from injuries, and Ferguson was so terribly injured that he cannot live. The mother and other children are terribly burned and bruised and may not live. It transpired that the can was partially filled with blasting powder.

A SERIOUS CHARGE.

H. V. White Under Arrest at Baldwin, Mich., for Alleged Robbery of a Grave.

Baldwin, Mich., Nov. 21.—H. V. White, of New York, is under arrest here, suspected of grave robbing for the purpose of defrauding a life insurance company of $2,000, amount of insurance on the life of his brother, Frank M. White, November 10. H. V. White came here for the purpose, he said, of finding his brother, whom he believed to have been foully dealt with somewhere in this vicinity. White spent some time ostensibly looking for the body in the vicinity of where his brother was alleged to have been camping at the time of his last letter. A body was finally found by White which he claimed to be that of his brother. Local people were suspicious. An inquest was held, but it failed to establish the identity of deceased. Further investigation developed that the body was that of a Baldwin man, Alex McLean, who had died in August. His grave was found empty and in such condition as to show robbery had been committed very soon after his burial.

IS HARVARD'S GAME.

Wins the Great Football Contest by Score of 17 to 0—Harvard Freshmen Win.

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 21. — The great game between the Harvard-Yale football teams resulted in a victory for the former. Yale fought desperately, but at the close of the game Harvard had piled up 17 points, while Yale had not succeeded in scoring at all. The grounds were in bad condition.

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 21. — The Harvard freshmen eleven defeated the Yale freshmen with the score of 6 to 0. The winning touchdown was made within the last two minutes of the game by Hall, left half-back, who had scarcely got into the playing, taking Blagdon's place.

The field was a duck pond, and the playing was characterized throughout by much punting and fumbling on both sides. The play that scored the touchdown was a mass on Yale's left tackle and guard, and Hall ran from the 40-yard line to score.

Killed by a Drunken Negro.

Cleveland, O., Nov. 21.—John Stefancin was shot and killed and John Fedorco mortally wounded Sunday afternoon by Sam Carr, a colored man, from North Carolina. Carr entered Stefancin's yard in an intoxicated condition. Stefancin attempted to put him out. A quarrel ensued and Carr pulled a revolver and began firing. Carr was arrested.

Indians Causing Trouble.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Nov. 21. — Indian Agent Nickerson, of the Shoshone reservation, received a telegram from the commissioner of Indian affairs notifying him that Indians are illegally killing game and setting fire to forests in the Teton mountains of Wyoming. Capt. Nickerson left Saturday for Fort Washakie to investigate. The mischief is probably being done by the Bannock Indians.

Five Badly Hurt.

Toledo, O., Nov. 21.—A fast passenger on the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Sunday afternoon crashed into the rear end of a freight near Toledo. Five people on the passenger were seriously injured. The engineer and fireman escaped by jumping.

Dreyfus' Treatment Modified.

Paris, Nov. 21.—The government, according to the Temps, has ordered a modification of the prison treatment of former Capt. Albert Dreyfus. Dreyfus is to be allowed to promenade and exercise six hours a day over an area of eight acres.

A Vacancy Filled.

Milwaukee, Nov. 21.—Gov. Scofield sent word from Marinette that he had appointed Joshua E. Dodge, of this city, justice of the supreme court to succeed S. U. Pinney, resigned.

Victim of Apoplexy.

Belfast, Ireland, Nov. 21.—Rev. Dr. Kane, rector of Christ church, Belfast, and grand master of the Belfast Orangemen, died Sunday from a stroke of apoplexy.

TOILERS ARE SLAIN.

Terrible Disaster on a Railway in New Jersey.

During a Dense Fog a Train Plunges Into a Gang of Track Laborers—Twelve Are Killed and Several Hurt.

New York, Nov. 19.—During a dense fog a Pennsylvania train ran upon a gang of workmen on the Hackensack Meadow.

It is now definitely known that twelve men were killed and five injured.

Thomas Dougherty was supposed to be on the lookout for approaching trains. He was a considerable distance up the track from the gang of laborers, and he evidently did not see the train, for he gave no warning. His body was hurled 90 feet through the air.

Was Making Up Lost Time.

The train which ran down the workmen was a local from Milltown to Jersey City, due in Jersey City at 8:20 a. m. The fog delayed the train and Engineer John Van Ostrand was endeavoring to make up time. His train was running at a high rate of speed, he believing there was nothing to obstruct a quick run to Jersey City. The first he knew that his train had run into the men was when the engine jarred. Then the cries of the men were heard and he as soon as possible brought his train to a stop.

A Horrible Sight.

Engineer Van Nostrand, speaking of the moment when his engine plowed into the mass of cowering men who stood huddled together on the track, said: "It was an awful sight. There was a mass of legs and arms and heads flying through the air. I was drenched with blood. I knew that something terrible had happened and put on the air brakes as hard as possible. The track was drenched in blood. The meadows and the track looked like a battlefield covered with bodies. The shrieks of the dying drowned the cries of the horrified passengers. Women fainted and men turned away in horror."

Not One Escaped.

There were 20 men in the gang, and it is reported that not one escaped injury. They were in charge of Foreman William Cork, of Jersey City.

As soon as the news of the accident reached Jersey City Pennsylvania railroad officials went to the Meadows and superintended the removal of the dead and injured.

When the engine which struck the laborers reached the Pennsylvania depot in Jersey City the cowcatcher was red with blood from the men killed. A boy, after the engine had stopped, picked up a hand from the cowcatcher.

Double Wreck on the Rock Island.

Wilton, Ia., Nov. 19.—Twenty-two men were more or less injured in two railway wrecks near here Friday during a heavy fog. In a head-end freight collision on the Rock Island at Moscow, Brakeman John Donahue was fatally hurt. Brakeman Marshall Miller, had a leg broken. Three other trainmen were seriously injured. Donahue did not long survive. His injured comrades are being cared for at the Hotel Ludlow here by the company's surgeons. Just after the Moscow accident, a construction train which left here to clear the wreck was struck by the fast mail train. The crew of the mail train failed to see the signal displayed at Wilton to stop. The construction train had on board about 20 men, including section men and citizens of Wilton, going to the scene of the Moscow wreck. Of this number 17 were more or less seriously injured, but none were killed. Conductor Roberts, of Rock Island, was badly crushed. The fireman of the fast mail, John Neiswanger, of Davenport, was badly injured by jumping from his engine. The others injured include William McIntyre, leg broken, and Frank Anken, leg and arm broken.

REPUBLICAN COLLEGE LEAGUE.

Ends Its Annual Session in Indianapolis—Outline of the Resolutions Adopted.

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 19.—The American Republican College league closed its seventh annual session Friday afternoon. The league changed its constitution to provide that hereafter meetings shall be held biennially instead of annually and to declare it to be a cardinal principle of the league to secure suffrage for students where they attend school. The next meeting will be held at Philadelphia just after the national election of 1900. A resolution was adopted upholding Secretary Alger, who is a strong friend of the league, and denouncing his villainous slanderers; also praising President McKinley; indorsing "that gallant soldier, brilliant statesman and champion of clean and popular government, the type of American patriotism, Theodore Roosevelt," and demanding safe currency reform legislation and student suffrage.

Jumped Overboard.

Queenstown, Nov. 19.—The Cunard line steamer Campania, Capt. Walker, which left New York November 12, for Liverpool, by way of this port, touched here Friday morning and reported that a Swedish steerage passenger named Mckarlsen committed suicide by jumping overboard while on the passage.

Brazilian Naval Officers Friendly.

Rio Janiero, Nov. 19.—Marked friendship between American and Brazilian naval officers was shown when a banquet was given to the latter on the United States battleship Oregon. The officers of the Oregon and Iowa were assisted in entertaining by the American minister, Charles Page Bryan. Prominent members of the diplomatic corps were present.

Herr H. H. Meier Dead.

Bremen, Nov. 19.—Herr H. H. Meier, founder of the North German Lloyd Steamship company, is dead. He was 89 years of age.

WORD FROM DEWEY.

Hero of Manila Cables the Situation Regarding Action of Philippine Insurgents.

Washington, Nov. 19.—News of a mixed character came to the navy department Friday from Admiral Dewey touching the situation in the Philippines. The admiral sent two of his warships, the Charleston and the Concord, some time ago to the southward from Manila to ascertain whether there was truth in the reports that the insurgents had extended their activities in that direction. Friday he cabled as follows:

"Manila, Nov. 18, 1898.—Secretary Navy, Washington: Charleston and Concord arrived from Iloilo. Glass reports that the entire island of Panay is in possession of insurgents except Iloilo, which is defended by 800 Spanish troops. All foreign citizens there beg for American protection. The island of Negros has declared independence and desires American protectorate.

(Signed) "DEWEY."

Glass is the commander of the Charleston. So far nothing has been done by the administration towards curbing the insurgents in their operations save verbal representations from the American commanders to Aguinaldo, in which it has been pointed out to him that it would be good policy, in view of the probability of the annexation of the islands by the United States, to pursue a course that would not be obnoxious to the United States. But, the situation is now realized to be critical. So far as the Spaniards are concerned, perhaps they can be left to take care of themselves, but the foreign residents at Iloilo are differently regarded. The difficulty in the situation is that with the best intentions to intervene to protect the Europeans and other foreigners and to save the city of Iloilo, the second in importance in the Philippine group, from looting, the United States forces appear to be stopped under the rules of war from moving from their positions. Such is the construction placed upon the clause in the protocol relating to a suspension of hostilities.

The immediate effect of this state of affairs may be to hasten action in the Paris conference, for it is only by the termination of that tribunal that the United States can come to the relief of the beleaguered Spaniards in Iloilo and at other points. It is said to be a fact, however, that a total disagreement at Paris may result in speedier action than if the commissioners agreed upon the main principles of the Philippine cession, for, in such case, several additional sessions probably would be required in order to arrange the details of the treaty.

It is now thought to be certain that the commission at a meeting next Monday or Tuesday will do one of two things, i. e., either agree to the cession of the Philippines or note a disagreement and dissolve the meeting, for the administration is not disposed to tolerate further delay and has so instructed the United States commissioners. The latter sent a long cablegram Friday in cipher. The deciphering occupied the entire official day and meantime there were wild rumors touching the nature of its contents. As a matter of fact, it was nothing more than an extremely verbose statement of the Spanish side of the case relating to the Philippines. There was a renewal of the attempts to take issue with the American contention as to the meaning of the protocol clause relative to the disposition of the Philippines, and much quibbling, accompanied by quotations from French, Spanish and other European languages, in the effort to demonstrate to Americans just what an English word might mean. The latter will take no notice of this kind of a hair-splitting plea, but at to-day's meeting will call on the Spanish commissioners to make answer to the American proposition to cede the Philippines, probably allowing until Monday or Tuesday only for a final and responsive answer on that point.

PASSED AWAY.

Death of Col. Thomas C. Donaldson, Author of "Public Domain" and Other Books.

Philadelphia, Nov. 19.—Col. Thomas C. Donaldson died at his home in this city Friday from a complication of diseases, aged 55 years. He had been ill for a long time. Col. Donaldson was famous as a collector of antiquities. His catalogue of works of art, books, relics, historical documents and rarities is not excelled in any private collection in this country, or in very few museums. He did valuable work in historical fields. His "Public Domain," a volume of 2,000 pages, was completed for the United States government in eight years and still stands as the only complete reference history of public lands, their acquisitions, distribution, grants, surveys, colonization and allotment. He was also the author of "George Catlin's Indian Gallery," "Walt Whitman, the Man," and other equally interesting books.

Will Meet Next in Chicago.

Baltimore, Md., Nov. 19.—The national fraternal congress, which has been in session here since Tuesday, adjourned Friday afternoon to meet next year in Chicago. The time of meeting was changed from the third Tuesday of November to the fourth Tuesday of August. Dr. J. H. Christian, of this city, who is supreme medical director of the Order of Heptasophs, was elected chairman of the medical section of the congress.

Twenty-Four Drowned.

Portland, Ore., Nov. 19.—A special to the Oregonian from Yaquina, Ore., says: The British ship Atlanta, Capt. Charles McBride, from Tacoma to South Africa, with wheat, was wrecked off Alsea bay, 16 miles south of Yaquina bay Thursday morning. She carried a crew of 27 men and all were drowned but three.

Mustered Out.

St. Paul, Nov. 19.—The Fourteenth regiment, Minnesota volunteers, was on Friday paid off and mustered out of the service of the United States, $50,000 being necessary for this final pay roll.

DESPERATE CONVICTS.

Two Men Try to Escape from Ohio Penitentiary—They Kill a Guard, and Are Both Wounded.

Columbus, O., Nov. 19.—There was a desperate attempt made by two convicts to escape from the penitentiary about eight o'clock in the morning, as a result of which Guard Charles D. Lauterbach, of Mount Vernon, was shot and killed, while Convicts O'Neil and Atkinson received injuries of a serious nature, and both are now in the prison hospital.

By some means Convicts O'Neil and Atkinson, who are serving 15 years for robbery, obtained possession of a revolver and proceeded to carry out a bold plan to escape. One covered his face with a handkerchief and went into the broom shop where he held up Guard Lime and took his revolver. He then returned to the hoe shop, where the other man joined him, and they opened fire upon Guard Lauterbach, who was in charge of that department.

The guard was shot three times and almost instantly killed. The sound of the shooting reached the other officials in the prison, and they came on the run to investigate. Guard Gump was the first on the scene, and, taking in the situation at a glance, opened fire on the two prisoners. This was returned, and a regular battle was in progress until the revolvers of all the participants were emptied.

In the fray Convict Atkinson was shot down and seriously injured and, as soon as the guns were emptied, Guard Gump rushed in with his cane and almost beat O'Neil to death before the prisoner would surrender. The men were taken to the hospital, where their injuries were attended to. Atkinson was shot in the body, but is not thought to be seriously hurt, but O'Neil was so beaten about the head that his injuries may result fatally.

The other prisoners in the shop where the shooting occurred took no part in the affair, but it is understood that they stood ready to follow if the efforts of the two leaders proved successful. Previous to making the outbreak one of the two prisoners forced a third man to place a ladder against the outside of the penitentiary wall, so that when they had fought their way out of the shops they could shoot down the wall guard and make their escape by that route.

Frank O'Neil and John Atkinson are serving their third terms. Atkinson says that O'Neil received two guns on the 4th of July, when visitors were allowed in the prison. They were hidden by Atkinson, the two men deciding to wait for fall before trying to escape.

They had been waiting for three weeks for an opportunity.

Atkinson was shot twice in the right arm and O'Neil has two severe scalp wounds. Neither is fatally hurt.

KEELEY IS DEAD.

The Inventor of the Famous Motor Passes Away in Philadelphia—His Career.

Philadelphia, Nov. 19.—John W. Keeley, the inventor of the Keeley motor, died Friday at his home in this city from pneumonia. He was taken ill on Saturday last and continued to grow steadily worse until his death. Mr. Keeley was 61 years of age and leaves a widow.

[Mr. Keeley was a native of Philadelphia. His education was meager and at an early age he became a carpenter, following that trade until 1872. It was in that year that he announced his discovery of a new force by which motive power would be revolutionized. Following this he constructed what has become known as the Keeley motor. On November 10, 1874, he gave its first public exhibition before a number of capitalists and scientists who advanced $100,000 to enable him to perfect his discovery and apply the principle. Since then large sums of money have been

JOHN W. KEELEY.

expended on experiments without any practical public results. Between 1874 and 1881 Keeley constructed and discarded 119 different models. In his first model he employed water as a generator but later the experiments were made with what he called a "liberator," a machine equipped with a large number of tuning forks, which, he claimed, disintegrated the air and released a powerful etheric force. In less he was for a time confined in jail for contempt of court for refusing to disclose the secret by which he produced many remarkable effects in the presence of experts, but until his death the secret was known only to himself. Among those interested in his scientific efforts was Mrs Bloomfield Moore, the well-known society woman, who advanced sums of money to Keeley for the purpose of his invention.]

Seven Republican Majority.

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 19.—The official returns of the late election received at the office of the secretary of state show that the republicans will have 57 members of the house of representatives, the democrats 72 and the prohibitionists 1.

Football Barred.

Valparaiso, Ind., Nov. 19.—President Brown, of the Northern Indiana normal school, has forbidden the students from engaging in football contests, under penalty of expulsion, owing to a severe accident which befell a student last Saturday in the Valparaiso-Crown Point contest.

Killed Father and Son.

Garden City, Kan., Nov. 19.—George Neighbors and his son Lewis were shot and killed on their farm near here Friday by A. F. Potts as a result of a quarrel over the location of a fence. Potts is in jail.

SHORT SPECIALS.

Fire at Louisville, Ky., Saturday, caused a loss to the Renz-Bowles drug firm of between $[illegible] and $100,000.

Sir Stuart Knill, head of the firm of John Knill & Co., and lord mayor of London during the year 1892-93, is dead. He was born in 1824.

Secretary Long has issued an order increasing the age requirement in the case of apprentices admitted to the naval service from 14 to 15 years.

W. S. Carothers, formerly one of the best-known stock men in Texas, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $[illegible], at Galveston.

Adam Ziegenhein, son of Mayor Ziegenhein, of St. Louis, died suddenly of acute hernia in Paragould, Ark., where he had gone on a hunting trip.

Edward Bootle Wilbraham, first earl of Lathom, is dead. He was born in 1837 and was formerly lord chamberlain and deputy grand master of the English free masons.

A fire which broke out in the shipyards of John H. Starin at West Newbrighton, S. I., burned seven buildings and their contents and caused a damage estimated to be about $[illegible].

The people of the Creek nation have by a majority of 32 votes declined to ratify the proposed agreement with the Dawes commission. The Indians will now be handled by the government.

William H. Overbaugh, of Hanover, N. Y., has been appointed receiver of the Hanover Foundry & Machine company, under a bond of $[illegible]. The liabilities, $[illegible], exceed the assets by $[illegible].

The steamer Belgic has sailed from San Francisco for China and Japan, via Honolulu, with so many passengers that valuable cargo had to be refused. This will be her last voyage to the orient.

Former United States Judge Sage died at Lebanon, O., Saturday morning, after a long illness. Judge Sage held the office the required number of years to permit him to retire under the law in August last.

At a mass meeting of citizens of Omaha it was decided to purchase the exposition buildings and plant of the Trans-Mississippi and International Exposition association and hold an exposition next year.

A registered letter containing $1,000, sent from New York by John R. Madden, the noted horseman, to his wife in Lexington, Ky., was opened en route and the money taken. The government is investigating.

State Senator Burke, of Ohio, is on trial before the Bar association in Cleveland on the charge of circulating stories reflecting upon the judicial honesty of Judge F. E. Dellenbaugh, of the common pleas court.

The treasury department has recommended to the secretary of war that quinine be admitted into Cuba and Porto Rico free of duty. Under the Spanish law the duty on quinine was about $13 a pound.

Rear Admiral Joseph N. Miller, who hoisted the American flag over Hawaii August 12 last, will be retired Tuesday, after spending over 47 years in active service. Of this about 20 years has been passed afloat.

Attorney-General Crowe, of Missouri, has petitioned the supreme court of the state for a writ of mandamus compelling the various express companies to pay for the war revenue stamps and their receipts to shippers.

A special from Nashville, says: John Smartt, a well-disposed colored citizen, living at Chapeltown, one and a half miles from Smartt's Station, in Warren county, Tenn., was shot and killed by white caps Friday night.

The commission appointed last June by President McKinley to revise the patent and trade-mark laws of the United States held its first meeting in New York. Judge Grosscup, the Chicago member, was unable to be present.

The president's turkey for his Thanksgiving dinner has been dressed by Horace Vose, of Westerly, R. I., who has supplied the white house for nearly 25 years. The turkey weighs 25½ pounds and has been shipped by express.

The joint committee of the senate and house which is looking into postal affairs will convene in Chicago to-day (Monday) to take up that branch of the inquiry relating to the cost of transporting mail over the railways, rental of postal cars, etc.

A dispatch from the Seoul, capital of Corea, says the American, British and Japanese ministers there have protested against the action of the Corean government in issuing orders that foreigners are to be stopped from trading in the interior.

Three four-story brick business buildings, Nos. 68, 70 and 72 Broadway, New York, were practically destroyed by fire Saturday morning. The loss will exceed $300,000. The buildings were occupied principally by brokers, real estate and insurance agents.

Attorney-General Monnett, of Ohio, filed suits in the Ohio supreme court against the Solar Refining company and the Ohio Oil company to oust them from doing business in Ohio. Suit is brought under the anti-trust order made by the court in 1892. The attorney-general claims the companies are a part of the oil trust and in fact a part of the Standard Oil company.

KNIGHTS OF LABOR ELECT.

John N. Parsons, of New York, Chosen to Succeed Henry A. Hicks as Grand Master Workman.

Chicago, Nov. 21.—John N. Parsons, of New York city, was chosen grand master workman of the Knights of Labor at the annual election of officers Saturday to succeed Henry A. Hicks. With one or two other minor exceptions all the other general officers were reelected. Boston was chosen as the place of holding the convention next year.

[The new grand master workman has been a member of the Knights of Labor nearly 20 years, but never before held an office in the general body. He is a member of District Assembly No. 49, of New York city, and is also president of the National Association of Letter Carriers, to which position he has been elected for three consecutive terms. In 1896 he effected a consolidation of the 19 different assemblies of Chicago letter carriers into one organization. He served for ten years as a letter carrier in New York city, but last March embarked in the hat manufacturing business.]

Russian Students Exiled.

London, Nov. 21.—The Vienna correspondent of the Observer says: "The Galician newspapers say that a socialistic conspiracy has been discovered among the students at Warsaw, Kieff and Vilna, in Russia. Five hundred have been arrested and 80 exiled to Siberia, 30 of the latter being sent to perpetual banishment. Two hundred have been expelled from the universities."

Aged Man Commits Suicide.

Merrill, Wis., Nov. 21.—Louis Radtke committed suicide by placing a short cord around his neck, fastening it to the bed and then rolling off. He was about 74 years old and had been an invalid for three years.

Jealous Man Kills His Wife.

Paducah, Ky., Nov. 21.—Ed Ross shot and killed his wife three miles from this city Saturday. John Walker, of whom he was jealous, was also fired at, but escaped. Officers are after the murderer.

WISCONSIN STATE NEWS.

Hanged Himself.

Ernest Messman, who murdered Mr. and Mrs. John Bihls, a wealthy and aged couple at Michicott, committed suicide at the jail in Manitowoc by hanging himself in his cell. He made full confession, but the sheriff did not make it public because of the threats that have been made to lynch him. In his confession Messman said he killed the Bihlses because he knew they had considerable money in the house. He took Bihls to the barn and slew him with an ax and returned to the house and killed the woman with a stone. He searched for the money, but was frightened away, and did not get a penny of the $7,000 that was hidden in jars in the cellar.

Thanksgiving Proclamation.

Gov. Scofield issued the annual Thanksgiving proclamation, as follows:

"The day should be observed this year in the spirit of genuine thankfulness for the blessings which Almighty God has bestowed upon our country. Never before in our history have we had greater reason for feelings of profound gratitude than at the present time. In all departments of industry there is prosperity; and after a brief period of war, peace has been restored, and additional glory and dignity has come to our nation.

"I recommend that on November 24, so far as possible, business of all kinds be suspended; that the people cease from their ordinary avocations, and in places of worship and around the family board render to God the thanks due to Him for these blessings."

Mustered Out.

The field, staff and noncommissioned officers of the Second regiment and members of company C were mustered out in Sheboygan and the sum of $20,000 in crisp new bills was handed to the soldiers. The mustering out officer was Capt. Buck. Notwithstanding the rigors of real soldiering and the gratification the boys experience at being released from service, most of them aver that if needed again by the government they would be ready to go at the first call.

Great Expectations.

It is estimated by lumbermen in West Superior that this winter's cut will exceed former years by anywhere from 100,000,000 to 150,000,000 feet. The wages that will be paid this winter for chopping is placed at about $215,000 per month, and from 2,000 to 3,000 more men will in all probability be employed this year in the woods about the head of the lakes than last year.

Resigned His Office.

Associate Justice Silas U. Pinney, of the state supreme court, handed in his resignation to Gov. Scofield. It is understood that Justice Pinney had contemplated the step for some time. He has been on the state supreme bench many years, had sat in many important cases. It is said Judge Pinney's resignation was brought about on account of ill health.

Fire at Itasca.

At Itasca, the terminus of the Omaha railway, two miles from Superior, a fire destroyed the big hotel owned by Victor Younck, the dwelling of Mrs. Joseph Johnson and several small stores. The fire caught from the hotel chimney. The loss is between $9,000 and $10,000, with partial insurance.

The News Condensed.

Ground has been broken on the property of the Warwick & Cole company in Oshkosh for the erection of a grain elevator to have a capacity of 10,000 bushels.

The Bessemer Steamship company has placed an order with the American Steel Barge company in Superior for an iron ore steamer 460 feet long and 8,000 tons capacity. She will be the biggest fresh water boat afloat.

The new Methodist Episcopal church in Tolono was dedicated.

Navigation on the Fox river has been closed by order of the government.

The president has appointed Richard Guenther, of Oshkosh, to be consul-general of the United States at Frankfort, Germany.

Rev. G. W. Pepper, who was a Methodist preacher in Stevens Point, has accepted a call from the Baptist church in Richland Center.

Green Lake county voted by over 600 majority to leave the county seat at Dartford. Berlin, which is in the extreme northwest corner of the county, made a big fight for the county seat removal to that city.

Hog cholera has made its appearance in Marinette county in the vicinity of Forsyths Corners and in parts of Coleman.

Gov. Scofield has appointed George S. Wilot, of Madison, a member of the state board of arbitration and conciliation in the place of Richard Jardeau, resigned.

The board of election canvassers at its session in Fond du Lac declared Byron Keats (rep.) elected county superintendent of schools by a plurality of two votes over George V. Kelly, the democratic candidate.

At the annual meeting in Janesville of the Rock county board of supervisors Peter Aller was reelected superintendent of the poor for three years.

Mrs. S. E. Heath, aged 65, wife of a traveling man, dropped dead in Racine on returning from a visit to a neighbor.

Much surprise was manifested on the part of the college students in Beloit when President Eaton announced that four or five freshmen and a dozen or so sophomores had been fined five dollars each for participating in a cane rush.

Philip Karl Meyer, of Appleton, died while hunting near Pembine.

Robert Benman pleaded guilty in Eau Claire to passing a forged check for $20 on Andrew Hollen, a merchant.

Andrew Erickson, living near Waupaca, lost all of his farm buildings, 30 head of cattle, some pigs, a filled silo, hay and grain by fire.

CONSULTING A WOMAN.

Mrs. Pinkham's Advice Inspires Confidence and Hope.

Examination by a male physician is a hard trial to a delicately organized woman.

She puts it off as long as she dare, and is only driven to it by fear of cancer, polypus, or some dreadful ill.

Most frequently such a woman leaves a physician's office where she has undergone a critical examination with an impression, more or less, of discouragement.

This condition of the mind destroys the effect of advice; and she grows worse rather than better. In consulting Mrs. Pinkham no hesitation need be felt, the story is told to a woman and is wholly confidential. Mrs. Pinkham's address is Lynn, Mass., she offers sick women her advice without charge.

Her intimate knowledge of women's troubles makes her letter of advice a wellspring of hope, and her wide experience and skill point the way to health.

"I suffered with ovarian trouble for seven years, and no doctor knew what was the matter with me. I had spells which would last for two days or more. I thought I would try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I have taken seven bottles of it, and am entirely cured."—MRS. JOHN FOREMAN, 26 N. Woodberry Ave., Baltimore, Md.

The above letter from Mrs. Foreman is only one of thousands.

To California Without Change via "The Milwaukee."

On every Saturday during the winter an elegant Pullman Tourist Sleeper will leave Minneapolis (9:35 a. m.), St. Paul (9:55 a. m.), and arrive Los Angeles, California, at 8:25 a. m. following Wednesday.

Via "The Milwaukee's" famous "Heilrick's Route" to Kansas City, thence via the A. T. & S. F. Ry. through Southern California.

A most delightful winter route to the coast.

Quicker time is made via this route between St. Paul and Minneapolis and California than via any other line.

Rate per double berth, $6.00 through from St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Leave St. Paul and Minneapolis every Saturday morning, arriving Los Angeles every Wednesday morning.

For berths, complete information, and lowest rates, apply to "The Milwaukee" agents, St. Paul or Minneapolis, or address J. T. Conley, Asst. Gen'l Pass. Agt., St. Paul, Minn.

No Chance for a Conflict.

"A conflict of arms," he said, "is a terrible thing."

"Of course," she replied, blushing prettily; "and so inexcusable, too. I hold that the disposition a man makes of his arms is none of a girl's business."

After that, of course, there was no chance for a conflict.—Chicago Post.

All Arranged.

Mr. Wizsby—See here, my love, there is some mistake. The baggage delivery man has left seven trunks on our front porch.

Mrs. Wizsby (who has just returned from the mountains)—Imbecile! Don't you understand? He's coming back after dark for the extra five.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Social Distinctions.

Young Doctor—I find it hard to draw the line between hay fever and influenza.

Old Doctor—It is hard, my boy, but social distinctions have to be made; there's no help for it.—Detroit Journal.

Winter set in with Rheumatism. Set out with St. Jacobs Oil and cure.

Only 23 letters can be taken seriously; the others are all in fun.—Golden Days.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Less than one-half the things one hears are true.—Washington (Ia.) Democrat.

Deep down to the pain spot. St. Jacobs Oil roots out Sciatica.

Sorrow makes men sincere and anguish makes them earnest.—Beecher.

Christmas coming. Use St. Jacobs for pain. Have a happy one.

When a man has troubles he increases them by being cross.—Atchison Globe.

EVERY-DAY HEROISM!

Struggling through life, cursed with catarrh, is a common experience. However heroic the fight catarrh generally wins.

Under some name or other it gets the best of us. Frank E. Ingalls, Waco, Tex., and thousands of others have been permanently cured of catarrh by Dr. Hartman's successful remedy Pe-ru-na. Here is Mr. Ingalls' letter:

Dr. S. B. Hartman, Columbus, O.

DEAR SIR:—"Pe-ru-na and Man-a-lin have cured me of one of the worst cases of catarrh any one ever had. My case was so severe that I was compelled to discontinue my business, that of conductor on a railroad; but I am now entirely well."

Ordinary treatment of catarrh is for local relief. Cures are not expected. Dr. Hartman's method eradicates catarrh absolutely. Get his latest book and learn how to combat this insidious disease. The Pe-ru-na Medicine Co., Columbus, O., will mail Dr. Hartman's books free on application.

H. A. Scott, Burt, Tenn., writes:

"I feel very thankful to my Maker and your great medicine that I am cured. I would not be without Pe-ru-na in the house."

Pe-ru-na has been curing catarrh for forty years. It plucks out the roots of catarrh and builds people up. All druggists sell it.

THE NEW NORTH.

W. C. OGDEN, Editor.

Communicated.

Parents, do you know where your boys are spending their evenings? Do you know with whom they are associating? Do you ever think that perhaps you are not making the evenings at home pleasant enough to keep them there? Do you know that ere long you will learn to your sorrow that your boys are on the path that leads to sin and vice, and that you will be held responsible? Something must be done, and done immediately, for the boys of this city. The pool table and the bar are ill companions for our boys, yet that is where a large percentage of them are spending their time four and five evenings of each week.

"Ah did you once see Shelley plain?
And did you once see clearly plain
While boyish blood is mantling, who can
venture
To say that love of virtue dwells in
Shelley?"

The last lines of thy music sang?"

From New Zealand.

REEFTON, New Zealand, Nov. 28, '96.

I am very pleased to state that since I took the agency of Chamberlain's medicines the sale has been very large, more especially of the Cough Remedy. In two years I have sold more of this particular remedy than of all other makes for the previous five years. As to its efficacy, I have been informed by scores of persons of the good results they have received from it, and know its value from the use of it in my own household. It is so pleasant to take that we have to place the bottle beyond the reach of the children. E. J. SCANTLEBURY.

For sale at Palace Drug Store. *

Only Through Car Route.

The "Soo" Line will run a through car to New York, Boston and St. John. This service will greatly facilitate European travel and is the route to take for Christmas excursions to Europe. For detailed information apply to "Soo" Line agent or W. R. Callaway, G. P. A., Minneapolis. 2tn24

Blacksmith Outfit for Sale.

Anyone desiring to buy a blacksmith outfit, complete, can secure one, dirt cheap, by calling at the Rhinelander Iron Company's office. tf

Home Seekers' Cheap Excursions.

On October 18, November 1, 15, December 6 and 20, the North-Western Line will sell home seekers' excursion tickets, with favorable time limits, to numerous points in the West and South at exceptionally low rates. For tickets and full information apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y. 6to24n24

PINE LAND FOR SALE—2,500,000 feet of good pine in 37-8 E.

E. S. SHEPARD.

When you ask for De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve don't accept a counterfeit or imitation. There are more cases of Piles being cured by this, than all others combined.

J. J. REARDON.

Take Advantage of This Offer.

The Twice-a-week Minneapolis Tribune, the war novel, Anita, the Cuban Spy, the Panorama of Cuba and the New North, one year for $1.50

A Sure Sign of Croup.

Hoarseness in a child that is subject to croup is a sure indication of the approach of the disease. If Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is given as soon as the child becomes hoarse, or even after the croupy cough has appeared, it will prevent the attack. Many mothers who have croupy children always keep this remedy at hand and find that it saves much trouble and worry. It can always be depended upon and is pleasant to take. For sale at Palace Drug Store. *

Premiums Awarded.

[CONTINUED FROM LAST WEEK.]

Following is a list of premiums awarded at the Oneida county fair, held Sept. 15, 16, and 17, 1896:

Best portrait in crayon, Mrs. Baldwin 2 00
2d best portrait in crayon, Miss Kemp 1 00
Best fancy head in crayon, Mrs. Baldwin 2 00
2d best fancy head in crayon, Mrs. B. Hour 1 00
Best etching, Florence S. Thomas 2 00
Best painting from still life, Miss Whiting 2 00
Best display painting on China, Helen Albee 4 00
2d best display painting on China, Mrs. Kincaid 2 00
Best painting on bolting cloth, Mrs. Chas. Chafee 2 00
2d best painting on bolting cloth, Mrs. Cole 1 00
Best miniature church, C. Erickson 2 00

MISCELLANEOUS.

Best display dry goods and notions, W. W. Fenelon $3 00
Best clothing and gent's furnishing goods, W. L. Beers 3 00
Best display millinery, Ella Beers 3 00
Best single harness, W. W. Fenelon 3 00
" 2 do " " " 3 00
Display sewing machines, L. Isleman 3 00
Display musical instruments, L. Isleman 3 00
Best collection relics, DeWitt Rogers 2 00
2d best collection relics, Anton Hanson 1 00
Collection coins, Mrs. Geo Kemp 3 00
Minerals labeled, Mrs. Lewis 3 00
Best assortment kodak pictures, H. Woodard 3 00
2d best collection kodak pictures, Mrs. W. E. Brown 1 50
Bear heads, bear and wild cat skins, Mr. Gilligan 10 00
Fancy table, Geo. Cordier 5 00
Best band of music, E G Squiers
Best dis. china, Lewis Hdw Co 5 00
Best display saddle and harness work, J Schroeder 3 00
Best drug display, Palace Drug Store 1 00
Best display dental work, C S McIndoe 3 00
Best display blacksmith work, Rogers & Co 3 00
Best dis. printing, New North
Best dis. jewelry and silverware E G Squier 3 00

CLASS 1—DRAFT HORSES.

Best stallion 4 years or over, H. Moore $10 00
2d best stallion 4 years or over, Bill Lewis 5 00
Best stallion 3 years and under 4, S. Johnson 10 00
2d best stallion 3 years and under 4, J Hess 5 00
Best mare or gelding 2 years or over, V Grill 5 00
2d best mare or gelding 2 years or over, J Moen 2 50
Best Filly or gelding 2 years or under 3, A W Brown 5 00
2d best Filly or gelding 2 years or under 3, A Romerfield 2 50
Best colt 1 year, W Rutherford 5 00
Best spring colt under 6 months, A W Brown 5 00
2d best spring colt under 6 months, Sam Marks 2 50
Best brood mare and colt by side, A W Brown 10 00
2d best brood mare and colt by side, A Rogers 5 00

CLASS 2—STANDARD BRED.

Best stallion 4 years or over, W L Beers $10 00
2d best stallion 4 years or over, Chas Johnson 5 00
Best mare 3 years and under 4, F Goolsbey 10 00
Best mare 2 years and under 3, F Crocker 5 00
Best mare or gelding 3 years or over, M Stapleton 5 00
2d best mare or gelding 3 years or over, F Crocker 2 50
Best colt 1 year old, C Johnson 5 00
2d best colt 1 year old, F Crocker 2 50
Best brood mare and colt by side, Chas Johnson 10 00
2d best brood mare and colt by side, F Jensen 5 00

CLASS 3—ROADSTERS.

Best stallion 4 years or over, S Marks $10 00
2d best stallion 4 years or over, L Moody 5 00
Best stallion 3 years and under 4, E Hack 8 00
Best mare or gelding 3 years or over, A M Rogers 5 00
2d best mare or gelding 2 years or over, W C Ogden 2 50
Best Filly or gelding 2 years or under 3, A M Rogers 5 00
Best colt 1 year old, C Johnson 5 00
2d best colt 1 year old, G Olson 2 50
Best spring colt under 6 months, V Grill 5 00
Best brood mare and colt by side, A M Rogers 10 00
2d best brood mare and colt by side, H Hack 5 00

CLASS 4—HORSES FOR GEN. PURPOSES.

Best stallion 4 years old or over, Bill Lewis 5 00
2d best stallion 4 years or over, G. Lyons 2 50
Best mare or gelding 3 years or over, H Hunter 5 00
2d best mare or gelding 3 years or over, T Moody 2 50
Best Filly 2 years or under 3, F Crocker 5 00
2d best Filly 2 years or under 3, John Swee 2 50
Best spring colt under 6 months T Ball 5 00
Best brood mare with colt by side, F D Briggs 10 00
2d best brood mare with colt by side, C Johnson 5 00

CLASS 5—CARRIAGE & SADDLE HORSES.

Best carriage team, J C Curran $10 00
2d best carriage team, B F Lewis 5 00
Best draft team, A M Rogers 10 00
2d best draft team, E Hack 5 00
Best gen'l purpose team, Sam Marks 10 00
2d best gen'l purpose team, John Swee 5 00
Best single driver, D Joslin 5 00
2d best single driver, W T Stevens 2 50

CLASS 6—SWEEPSTAKES.

Best draft stallion any age or breed, S Marks $10 00
Best standard bred stallion any age or breed, W L Beers 10 00
Best standard bred mare any age or breed, C Johnson 10 00
Best draft mare any age or breed, E Hack 10 00
Best roadster or general purpose stallion, Chas Fremo 8 00
Best roadster or general purpose mare, E Hack 8 00

CLASS 8—DEPT. B. CATTLE.

Best Durham bull 3 years or over, F Robbins $10 00
Best Durham bull 2 years and under 3, J Hess 8 00
Best bull calf under 12 months, J Hess 4 00
Best cow 3 years or over, F Robbins 5 00
2d best cow 3 years or over, J Hess 2 50
Best heifer 2 years and under 3, B Preby 4 00
2d best heifer 2 years and under 3, J Lyons 2 00
Best heifer calf under 12 months, J Hess 4 00
2nd best heifer calf under 12 months, Ole Hansen 2 00

CLASS 9—HEREFORDS.

Best bull 3 yrs or o'r, J Johnson $10 00
2d best bull 3 years or over, C Rutherford 5 00
Best bull calf under 12 months, J Johnson 4 00
Best cow 3 years or over, J Johnson 5 00
Best heifer 2 years and under 3, J Johnson 4 00
Best heifer 1 year and under 2, J Johnson 4 00
Best heifer calf under 12 months, J Johnson 4 00

CLASS 10—JERSEYS.

Best bull 3 years or over, J Hess $10 00
" " 2 " and under 3, B Moran 8 00
2d best bull 2 years and under 3, J Hess 4 00
Best bull 1 year and under 2, J Hess 6 00
Best bull calf under 12 months, J C Curran 4 00
2d best bull calf under 12 months, E B Crofoot 2 00
Best cow 3 yrs or over, C Faust 5 00
2d best cow 3 years or over W W Fenelon 2 50
Best heifer 2 years and under 3, W C Ogden 4 00
Best heifer 1 year and under 2, Emil Buck 4 00
2d best heifer 1 year and under 2, W C Ogden 2 00
Best heifer calf under 12 months B Moran 4 00
2d best heifer calf under 12 months, Guy Ogden 2 00

CLASS 11—POLLED CATTLE.

Best bull 3 yrs or over, A Benton $10 00
Best bull 1 year and under 2, E B Crofoot 6 00
Best bull calf under 12 months, A Benton 4 00
Best cow 3 years or over, E B Crofoot 5 00
2d best cow 3 years or over, Vessey & Hardell 2 50
Best heifer 2 years and under 3, Vessey & Hardell 4 00
Best heifer calf under 12 months, E B Crofoot 4 00
2d best heifer calf under 12 months, Vessey & Hardell 2 00

CLASS 12—HOLSTEINS.

Best bull 3 years and over, John Swee $10 00
2d best bull 3 years and over, Chas Swan 5 00
Best bull 1 year and under 2, John Swee 6 00
2d best bull 1 year and under 2, F Bentley 3 00
Best bull calf under 12 months, A W Brown 4 00
Best cow 3 years or over, E B Crofoot 5 00
2d best cow 3 years or over, Vessey & Hardell 2 50
Best heifer calf under 12 months, E B Crofoot 4 00
2d best heifer calf under 12 months, C Johnson 2 00

CLASS 13—GUERNSEYS.

Best bull 2 years and under 3, W E Brown $8 00
Best bull calf under 12 months, W E Brown 4 00
Best cow 3 yrs or o'r, W E Brown 5 00
Best heifer 2 years and under 3, W E Brown 4 00
Best heifer calf under 12 months, W E Brown 4 00

CLASS 14—GRADES & NATIVES.

Best milch cow any age or breed W C Ogden 8 00
2d best milch cow any age or breed, J Hansen 4 00
Best cow 3 years or over, H E Knapp 6 00
2d best cow 3 years or over, Vessey & Hardell 2 00
Best spring calf, A W Brown 4 00
2d best spring calf, E B Crofoot .. 2 00

CLASS 15—SWEEPSTAKES.

Best short horn bull, Hereford or polled any age or breed, Wm Polka 10 00
Best cow, shorthorn, Hereford or polled any age or breed, J Hess 10 00
Best bull, Jersey, Holstein or Guernsey, any age or breed, W E Brown 10 00
Best cow, Jersey, Holstein or Guernsey, any age, E B Crofoot 10 00

DEPT. C. CLASS 16—SHEEP.

Best buck with 3 lambs, Jim McDonald $4 00
2d best buck with 3 lambs, A M Rogers 2 00
Best ewe with lamb, Vessey & Hardell 4 00
2d best ewe with lamb, J McDonald 2 00
Best buck 1 year, Jim McDonald 2 00
2d best buck 1 year, Vessey & Hardell 1 00
Best buck lamb, Vessey & Hardell 2 00
Best lot of ewe lambs, not less than 3, Vessey & Hardell 3 00
Best fat sheep and breeding ewe or wether, Vessey & Hardell 2 00

CLASS 18—SWEEPSTAKES.

Best buck any age or breed, Vessey & Hardell $5 00
Best ewe any age or breed, Vessey & Hardell 5 00

DEPT. D. SWINE. CLASS 19—POLAND CHINAS.

Best boar 1 year or over, T Moody $5 00
2d best boar 1 year or over, G Romerfield 3 00
Best boar 1 year or under, J Ritz 4 00
2d best boar 1 year old or under J Hess 2 00
Best boar under 6 months, Wm Polka 4 00
2d best boar 6 months, E Hack .. 2 00
Best sow with not less than 3 pigs, Vessey & Hardell 5 00

CLASS 20—CHESTER WHITES.

Best boar over 1 yr, C Rutherford $5 00
2d best boar over 1 year, Vessey & Hardell 3 00
Best sow 1 yr or over, T Moody 4 00

[TO BE CONTINUED]

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS., October 21, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on December 2, 1896, viz: Peter Gunderson, who made H. E. No. 7028, for Lot 1, Sec. 23, Lots 6 and 7 and SE¼ NE¼, Sec. 24, T. 38 N., R. 9 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Gilbert Young, John Wisberg, Gust Olson and Otto Anderson, all of Rhinelander, Wis. EDGAR T. WHEELOCK, 61-027-41-p Register.

IN MUNICIPAL COURT, ONEIDA COUNTY.

To P. H. KENNELLY:

You are hereby notified that a summons and garnishee has been issued against you and your property garnished to satisfy the demand of B. F. Jillson amounting to sixty-three ($63.00) dollars. Now unless you shall appear before Paul Bronner, Municipal Judge of Oneida County, at the office of the Municipal Judge in the City of Rhinelander, in said county, on the 2nd day of December, 1896 at two o'clock in the afternoon, judgment will be rendered against you and your property sold to pay the debt.

Dated this 7th day of November, 1896.

21-n10-24 B. F. JILLSON, Plaintiff.

Timber Land. Act June 3, 1878. Notice for Publication.

United States Land Office, Wausau, Wis., Nov. 7, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, James L. Young, of Rhinelander, county of Oneida, State of Wisconsin, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 43, for the purchase of the N½ NE¼ Sec. 19, and SW¼ NW¼ and NW¼ SW¼ of Sec. No. 20 in Township No. 37 N., Range No. 6 E., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Wausau, Wis., on Saturday, the 14th day of January, 1897.

He names as witnesses: Maurice L. Fitzgerald, John W. Kelly, Napoleon Pratt and Ed. McGregor, all of Tomahawk, Wis.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 14th day of January, 1897.

10-n10 EDGAR T. WHEELOCK, Register.

Foreclosure Sale.

CIRCUIT COURT, ONEIDA COUNTY.

PABST BREWING COMPANY, Plaintiff,
vs.
ROSS E. BROWN and CHARLES J. BROWN, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of, and pursuant to a judgment of foreclosure and sale rendered in the above-entitled action on the 11th day of October, 1896, and duly entered in said court, directing the sale of the premises described in said judgment, I shall expose for sale and sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Rhinelander in said County of Oneida, on the 17th day of December, 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, the mortgaged premises described in said judgment as follows, viz: The North forty (40) feet of Lot number three (3) in Block number twenty-four (24) of the original plat of the Village (now city) of Rhinelander, Oneida County, Wis.

SAM. S. MILLER, Att'y for Plaintiff. W. T. STEVENS, Sheriff.
Dated November 2, 1896. 7-n3-14

Timber Land Act. June 3, 1878—Notice for Publication.

United States Land Office, Wausau, Wis., November 21, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, James L. Young, of Rhinelander, county of Oneida, State of Wisconsin, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 47, for the purchase of the NW¼ NW¼ of Section No. 23 in Township No. 37 N., Range No. 9 E., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Wausau, Wis., on Tuesday, the 31st day of January, 1897.

He names as witnesses: R. F. Smith, W. L. Beers, Moses LeFebre and John Hagen, all of Rhinelander, Wis. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 31st day of January, 1897.

10-n24 EDGAR T. WHEELOCK, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS., October 11, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on November 25, 1896, viz: Philip Pottle, H. E. No. 8122, for the S½ NE¼, SE¼ NW¼ and NE¼ SW¼, Sec. 11, Tp. 38 N., R. 8 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: John Raby, Ben Morrow, Fred Gigert, A. Holenbeck, all of Rhinelander, Wis. EDGAR T. WHEELOCK, 6to20n24 Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS., October 22, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wisconsin, on December 3, 1896, viz: George S. Kelley, H. E. No. 5011, for the Lots 2, 3 and 4, Sec. 23, T. 37 N., R. 8 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: George J. Lyons, Patrick Gardiner, E. B. Crofoot and Eugene Estes, all of Rhinelander, Wis. EDGAR T. WHEELOCK, 6w—027-41 Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS., October 17, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on December 2, 1896, viz: James Cane, H. E. No. 8140, for the E½ SW¼, Sec. 7, Tp. 36 N., R. 11 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Frank Jillson, William Singer, James Singer, Charles Singer, all of Monico, Wis. EDGAR T. WHEELOCK, 61-027-41 Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS., October 20, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on December 2, 1896, viz: Benjamin F. Jillson, H. E. No. 8312 for the NW¼ SW¼, Sec. 8, Tp. 36 N., R. 11 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Philip Singer, Wm. Singer, J. Cane, Richard Kraetz, all of Monico, Wis. EDGAR T. WHEELOCK, 61-027-41 Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS., October 15, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on December 2, 1896, viz: John Worner, who made H. E. No. 8705 for the SW¼ SE¼, Sec. 11, NW¼, NW¼, Sec. 13 and NE¼ NE¼, Sec. 14, T. 36 N., R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Charles F. Ahlgren, Willie Knickrehm, Edward Beyer and Louis Bennoyer, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

EDGAR T. WHEELOCK, 61-027-41 Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS., October 22, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wisconsin, on December 3, 1896, viz: Mathias Grass, H. E. No. 6948, for the SE¼ NE¼, NE¼ SE¼, and SW¼ SE¼, Sec. 23, Tp. 36 N., R. 8 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Albert C. Fenton, Albert Radtke, Charley Meyer and Josef Maier, all of Rhinelander, Wisconsin.

EDGAR T. WHEELOCK, Register. 6w-027-41-p

Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of three hundred and fifty-four and 87-100 dollars claimed to be due at the date of this notice, for principal and interest, upon a certain real estate mortgage, executed January 9, 1892, by David Gain and Agnes Gain his wife, mortgagors, to A. J. Baker, mortgagee, which mortgage contains a power of sale, and was recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Oneida County, Wisconsin, January 9, 1892, in volume 3 of Mortgages on page 20, and was assigned by A. J. Baker to H. Albee, guardian of the minor heirs of W. James, deceased, January 13, 1892, and assignment recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of said County in volume 3 of Mortgages on page 216, and assigned by said guardian to S. H. Albee, executor of the estate of B. W. James, deceased, and said assignment recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of said County in volume 3 of Mortgages on page 2:—

And default having been made in the payment of ninety-eight dollars claimed to be due at the date of this notice, for principal and interest, upon a certain other real estate mortgage, executed November 19, 1894, by David Gain and Agnes Gain, his wife, mortgagors, to S. H. Albee, executor of the estate of B. W. James, deceased, which mortgage contains a power of sale, and was recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Oneida County November 19, 1894, in volume 3 of Mortgages, on page 203:—

And no action at law or otherwise having been commenced to recover the amounts, or any portion thereof, secured by said mortgages, and the powers of sale having become operative by reason of such default:—

Notice is hereby given that, by virtue of said powers of sale, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgages will be foreclosed and the land and premises therein described as follows, to wit:—Lot number five (5) in Block number eight (8) of S. H. Albee's Addition to the Village (now City) of Rhinelander in said County, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder, by the sheriff of Oneida County, Wisconsin, on the 11th day of December, 1896, at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the west door of the Court House, in the City of Rhinelander, in said County, for the purpose of satisfying the amount due on said mortgages, with sheriff's fees, taxes and costs of sale.

S. H. ALBEE, Executor of the estate of B. W. James, deceased, assignee and mortgagee.
Dated October 26, 1896. 71-027-49

To Let.

Small logging jobs to let.

STEVENS LUMBER CO.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS., October 31, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on December 26, 1896, viz: Antoine Wesnick, who made H. E. No. 6147, for the SE¼, Sec. 1, T. 35, N. R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: A. Wesnick, Jr., Herman Wolfgram, of Pelican Lake, Wis., L. A. Taylor and John Meyer, of Monico, Junction, Wis. EDGAR T. WHEELOCK, 6tn30-p Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS., October 26, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on December 10, 1896, viz: Ferdinand Bohm, who made H. E. No. 6260, for the NE¼ Sec. 19, T. 36 N., R. 9 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: W. L. Beers, Louis Colberg, John C. Curran and Larrah Lange, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

6t-n24-n EDGAR T. WHEELOCK, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS., Nov. 2, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on December 30, 1896, viz: Sylvester H. Brady, H. E. No. 8112, for the SW¼ SE¼, and SE¼ SW¼, Sec. 33, Tp. 36 N., R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: William A. Smith, of Rhinelander; Herman Wolfgram, of Monico; Edward Keeler, of Pelican; Charles Salter, of Elcho. EDGAR T. WHEELOCK, 6t n10-d16 Register.

CIRCUIT COURT, ONEIDA COUNTY.

F. H. BROWN, Plaintiff,
vs.
DUBOIS E. LOCKWOOD and WILLIAM MCARTHUR, Defendants.

THE STATE OF WISCONSIN, TO THE SAID DEFENDANTS, AND EACH OF THEM:

You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and defend the above-entitled action in the court aforesaid; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint.

SAM. S. MILLER, Plaintiff's Attorney.
P. O. Address, Rhinelander, Oneida Co., Wis.
7to27-48

If You Live In Rhinelander . .

it is not necessary to tell you that . . .

REARDON'S DRUG STORE

—IS THE BEST PLACE TO BUY—

Drugs, Wall Paper, Stationery

For Every Man, Woman And Child In The City Knows That. But If You Live In

Monico, Pearington, North Crandon, Crandon, Woodboro, McNaughton, Tomahawk Lake, Pelican Lake, Woodruff, Arbor Vitae, Minocqua or Lac du Flambeau, THEN

Send me your drug orders. I will send, carefully packed, on first train, any article you may want. I will cheerfully mail samples of Wall Paper to any address. Send me the size of your rooms and I will forward estimates.

J. J. REARDON, Druggist,
RHINELANDER, WIS.

Don't Let Beer Get The Best Of You!

—Get the Best of BEER Which Is—

Rhinelander Beer!

Rhinelander Brewing Co.

Hutchinson & Innes,

Practical Plumbing Steam Fitting, Gas Lighting Heating

Sewer and Water Pipe at reasonable prices

Outside Orders given Prompt Attention, Correspondence Solicited.

Office in Cover Block, - Stevens Street.

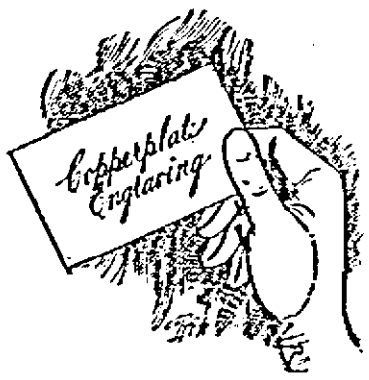
Gypsine, 40c pkg.

. . . PAINTS . . .

Of every description, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Enamels Etc.

Any Color Mixed Free of Charge when White Lead is Purchased Here.

JEWELL'S PAINT STORE.



The Engraving and Printing of Visiting Cards, Invitations, Menus etc., is a specialty of ours.

We are fully informed on the correct shapes, sizes and styles of cards to be used and can assist our customers in the preparation of matter.

All work is carefully done and orders receive prompt attention.

We make a special price of

$1.50 for ladies' name plate and 100 cards.

Opp. P. O. C. C. BRONSON & CO.

D. HAMMEL CO.,

—Dealers in—

HORSES

Draft and Driving.

A. M. ROGERS, Resident Manager,
RHINELANDER, WIS.

CLARK & LENNON--Builder's and Lumbermen's Hardware.

Fall and Winter Millinery 1898.

MISS ELLA M. BEERS

Will be glad to meet her old customers and new ones at her Millinery Parlors where are on display many new purchases.
Up stairs at the old stand, Cor. Stevens and Davenport Streets.

☞All Goods Up-to-date. PRICES RIGHT.

Buy your rubbers at the Cash Department Store.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Walters visited with friends in Eagle River last week.

Miss Nettie Wheelan is spending Thanksgiving with friends at Tomahawk.

The Endeavor Society gave a Poverty social at the Congregational parlors on Wednesday evening.

Copper bottom wash boilers 25 cents at the Cash Department Store. You know what they are worth.

Thanksgiving services will be held in St. Augustine's church as follows: Holy Eucharist at 8:00 a. m. and service with sermon 10:30 a. m.

The mill of the Brown-Robbins Lumber Co. started up Monday for the winter's run, repairs having been completed and the hot water pond fenced in.

E. S. Shepard came down from Star Lake to spend Sunday with his family. 'Gene is engaged estimating a large tract of timber in the above vicinity.

Order storm windows and stove repairs at Clark & Lennon's and while there ask to see the 30 calibre U. S. rifle which is being sold this week at $16.25.

The Union Thanksgiving service will be held at the Free Methodist church this (Thursday) morning at 11 o'clock. Rev. J. Blake will preach the sermon.

For Sale—At a sacrifice, fifteen (15) shares of stock in Lewis Hardware Company. Will sell shares singly or wholly. For particulars inquire of B. W. McCabey.

George K. McDonald and Miss Lillian Webb were united in marriage at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Bates on Monday, Nov. 14, by Rev. Geo. H. Kemp.

Overcome evil with good. Overcome your coughs and colds with One Minute Cough Cure. It is so good children cry for it. It cures croup, bronchitis, pneumonia, la-grippe and all throat and lung diseases. J. J. Reardon.

Mrs. Norrine Law delivered an address at the Congregational church at a Union meeting on Thursday on the Reform Movement. Mrs. Law is a pleasant speaker and her earnest words made a great impression. She gave a lecture on the "Passion Play" on Friday before a large audience at the Baptist church.

Constipation prevents the body from ridding itself of waste matter. De Witt's Little Early Risers will remove the trouble and cure Sick Headache, Biliousness, Inactive Liver and clear the Complexion. Small, sugar coated, don't gripe or cause nausea. J. J. Reardon.

The New North was connected the first of the week with the telephone system and hereafter persons acquainted with items of news such as births, deaths, weddings, social events, accidents, etc., will confer a favor that will be thoroughly appreciated by calling us up, where a visit is not convenient. We want to know what is going on and thankfully receive all items of interest to our subscribers. The New North call is 31-2.

Buy one of the famous "Trilby" stoves at Clark & Lennon's. Cheapest store in the market. They are selling at $7.00 and $8.00 according to grade. Also take a look at the "Hickory" heater which is going at $10.50.

On Sunday evening, at the Congregational church, there will be a Memorial service in behalf of those who lost their lives in the service of their country in the Spanish-American war, and also those who perished in the Maine. Rev. G. H. Kemp will deliver an address. The collection will be devoted to the National monument fund. This service is held at the request of the committee consisting of General Miles, Admiral Selfridge, F. D. Grant and Chauncy M. Depew. The G. A. R., our local Company and others interested are cordially invited.

A cough is not like a fever. It does not have to run a certain course. Cure it quickly and effectually with One Minute Cough Cure, the best remedy for all ages and for the most severe cases. We recommend it because it's good. J. J. Reardon.

Miss Harriet Pier is in the city on business.

Mrs. Dean left Wednesday night for her home at Antigo.

Miss Finch is spending Thanksgiving at Merrill with her sister.

Men's 75 cent leather mittens, lined, at the Cash Department Store for 58 cents.

Mrs. Kate McIndoe was called to Barron Tuesday night by the death of her grandchild.

Miss Marie Lockhart will spend Thanksgiving at Ironwood, the guest of her uncle, L. L. Wright.

Miss Belle Dirymple, a teacher in the Ironwood schools, is spending Thanksgiving at the home of Mr. D. H. Vaughn.

Whatever you want and whenever you want it, you'll find it certain that it always pays to trade at the Cash Department Store.

You can get the best reading matter by the best authors for only 19 cents per volume at Crusoe's. They are nicely bound handsome books.

Great events are accompanied by seizing the opportunity. Great bargains can be secured in Holiday goods at the Cash Department Store.

Miss Blanche Vosburgh, a student at the Oshkosh Normal, is spending this week with her sister, Miss Gersha Vosburgh, who is a teacher in this city.

Jens and Andrew Jensen, of Ogdensburg, were in the city Monday on business. The Jensen Brothers are preparing to do considerable logging this winter near Parish.

Valises for travelers, made to stand "the slings and slurs of time," the assault of the baggage smasher and the wear and tear of travel.
Cash Department Store.

Mr. DeWitt Johnson will most probably leave Rhinelander the last of this week for Madison, where he is to have a position as day clerk in the office of the American Express Co.

Miss Mary Pease left Friday for her home at Faribault, Minn., to attend the wedding of her brother, which takes place today. Miss Lou Stevens is filling her position during her absence.

Soothing, healing, cleansing, De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve is the implacable enemy of sores, burns and wounds. It never fails to cure Piles. You may rely upon it. J. J. Reardon.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Brown and daughter Edna left last Friday for Lancaster to attend the funeral of Mrs. Brown's father, Mr. Richard Meyer, announcement of whose sudden death was received by telegram Friday morning.

Many a household is saddened by death because of the failure to keep on hand a safe and absolutely certain cure for croup such as One Minute Cough Cure. See that your little ones are protected against emergency. J. J. Reardon.

Chas. Stevens left Monday night for Lewiston, Idaho, where he will spend the winter. He will look that country over, and should he find a favorable opening, intends to remain there permanently.

Last Friday afternoon a number of the young ladies of the city assembled at the home of Miss Mabel Chafee and organized a Basket Ball Club. The following officers were elected: Pres., Mrs. Thompson; Sec., Jennie Barnes; Treas., Mabel Chafee; Captains, Jessie Shepherd and Muriel Curran; Committee on Constitution, Jane Kyle, Anna Alban, Anna LaSelle.

A very pleasant reception was that of Mrs. W. T. Stevens Saturday afternoon, at her home. The hours were from 3 to 6 o'clock. The rooms were prettily decorated with smilax, roses and carnations. Misses Stevens, Doherty and Nims had charge of the dining room. About one hundred and fifty ladies called during the afternoon.

The chicken pie supper given at the residence of Mrs. Kate McIndoe by the ladies of St. Augustine's Guild Saturday evening was enjoyed by a goodly crowd. The suppers given by the ladies of the Guild are all highly spoken of and the one at Mrs. McIndoe's was especially pleasing to the palate.

Duncan Clark's Female Minstrels at the Grand tonight.

Men's pure wool socks at the Cash Department Store.

There's quite a little picture exhibit at Crusoe's worth dropping in to see.

Mrs. Wm. Brady was down from Tomahawk Tuesday for a visit with friends

Men's dress shirts, with two collars and cuffs to match, at the Cash Department Store.

Found—Grey Pony. Owner can have same by calling at Nels. Lundbeng's farm, north of the city.

Mrs. W. J. Doherty left Monday for a week's visit with relatives and friends at Kaukauna, Port Washington and Milwaukee.

Late to bed and early to rise, prepares a man for his home in the skies. But early to bed and a Little Early Riser, that makes life longer and better and wiser. J. J. Reardon.

Miss Mary McQueen, recently of Antigo, has arrived in Rhinelander, and is prepared to give lessons on the piano and organ. Orders left at E. G. Squier's jewelry store will receive prompt attention.

Mrs. K. McIndoe returned from Wausau Monday, where she was called by the sickness of her aunt, Mrs. S. McIndoe. Many of this place are acquainted with Mrs. McIndoe and will be glad to learn that she is much better at the present writing.

The dance which was advertised by the young men to take place last Friday night at the New Grand opera house was postponed. It will be given Friday evening, Nov. 25.

The sooner a cough or cold is cured without harm to the sufferer the better. Lingering colds are dangerous. Hacking cough is distressing. One Minute Cough Cure quickly cures it. Why suffer when such a cough cure is within reach? It is pleasant to the taste. J. J. Reardon.

John Brogan and Sam Doucett, two soldiers of the late war, made this office a call last Saturday. Mr. Brogan, whose parents reside here, served in the hospital corps of the 11th Minnesota volunteer regiment. He witnessed the storming of San Juan hill July 1, and spoke in terms of the highest praise of General Hawkins and Lieutenants Miche and Orl, the two last named being killed in the engagement. These men led the charge which resulted in the capture of the hill amid storms of bullets that too often tore through the bodies of the men who sought the top. Mr. Doucett served as private in the 31 U. S. Infantry regiment, and took part in the quelling of the Indian disturbance at Leech Lake, Minn.

Let everybody give Thanks today.

Crusoe's Department Store has a new ad. this week.

Henry Dennis, scaler in Pat Brown's camp at Hobson, Wis., spent Sunday in Rhinelander.

Hugo Marquardt left Sunday night for a visit with friends in the southern part of the state.

J. C. Lewis and son, Parish, of Antigo, were over Sunday guests at the residence of Paul Browne.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Vessey were made happy last Saturday by the arrival of a little son at their home.

The city schools closed yesterday and will not convene again until Monday. Several of the teachers will spend the Thanksgiving vacation with friends out of the city.

J. F. Dodge, who was appointed by Gov. Scofield to succeed S. N. Pinney on the supreme bench, took his seat on the bench Tuesday, when the Supreme court met for the November session.

Day Bros., who manufacture lumber at Rhinelander, and deal in timber lands, have moved their Minneapolis office to the Polladio block, Duluth. John F. Day, and son Noble, who have represented the company here for several years, have moved their home to Duluth. They will be missed by the Lumber Exchange colony of lumbermen, among whom they are well and favorably known. John F. Day is one of the oldest operators in pine in the Wisconsin Valley, a man of uncommonly good judgment and business ability. —Mississippi Valley Lumberman.

The Clayton mill is being fitted out for the regular winter's run. The hot water pond is being put in this week. The mill will commence operations about Christmas time.

Episcopal Church.

Services at St. Augustine's Mission church are as follows: Holy Communion every Sunday at 8:00 a. m. Morning prayer and sermon at 10:30. Sunday School at noon; evening prayer and sermon at 7:30 p. m.

On the first Sunday of the month there will be no early Communion, but a late celebration of the Eucharistic service instead at 10:30 a. m.

Evening prayer is also said Friday afternoons at 5:00 o'clock.

Everyone gladly welcomed to all services.

At the morning service the triennial Pastoral letter from the House of Bishops will be read in place of sermon. Next Sunday being the beginning of the Advent season the sermons morning and evening will be relative to the second coming of Christ. C. M. Hitchcock, Pastor.

Crusoe's Bargain Department Store | We have hundreds of articles you want just now. | Crusoe's Bargain Department Store.

All New, All Choice, and at
ALWAYS THE LOWEST PRICES.

Children's Storm Rubbers, first quality, 7 to 11 ..... 25 cts.
Children's Wool lined Storm Alaskas, better than Arctics, worth 60c. our price ..... 49 cts.
Misses' Wool lined Storm Alaskas ..... 74 cts.
Women's Wool lined Storm Alaskas ..... 98 cts.
Women's Storm Rubbers ..... 49 cts.
Women's Empress 2 buckle, pure gum, Jersey cloth Arctics $1.69
Misses' and children's All Wool Knit Leggings ..... 39 cts.
Ladies' All Wool Knit Leggings ..... 49 cts.
Ladies' 7 button Black Cloth Overgaiters ..... 25 cts.
Good Double Yarn Mitts for Boys and Girls ..... 19 cts.
Boys' Heavy Fleeced Mitts ..... 25 cts.
Genuine Buckskin Chopping Mitts ..... 89 cts.
Boys' fleeced yarn mitts, faced and backed with Calfskin, soft warm and will stand the wear ..... 49 cts.
Ladies' flannel waists, nicely trimmed and braided, blues, browns, greens' plaids, etc., ... $2.39 to $2.98

CRUSOE'S BARGAIN DEPARTMENT STORE.

When Looking over the **Millinery** in the city please don't forget that

MRS. J. G. DUNN has as fine and cheap a line of fall and winter goods as are to be found in the city.

Life is too Short for Experiments.

We guarantee you a sure thing, no matter if you order your clothes made in the latest fashion or after your own peculiar ideas.

Our Prices Like Our Goods are Just Right—They Fit.

Our Tailors cannot be excelled. You are cordially invited to inspect and compare our complete stock of woolens with others. It cannot be surpassed.
It talks for itself.

Rhinelander Tailoring Co.

LEAVE ORDERS for books of all kinds with us. We can surprise you on LOW PRICES.

GET OUR FIGURES ON 100 ENGRAVED CARDS WITH PLATE

We have made arrangements with a large engraving establishment at Milwaukee to fill all orders for work in this line and it will pay you to call on us for anything in the shape of engraved cards.

Post Office Building. S. H. & W. H. ASHTON.

Better Hurry

Everybody was in yesterday but you. Don't blame us if your size isn't here when you call. You'll be left if you let another week or day or hour pass by without coming in and selecting one of our cut-priced Suits or Overcoats. To those who don't know what they lose, there isn't much loss; but this is a case where you will not only lose, but you will know about it. Do you think for a minute that it would be advisable to let an unparalleled opportunity slip through your fingers? If you have the faculty of seeing a particularly pointed point, you won't miss this one.

We have a few $8.00 Business Suits at ..... $ 4.98
Something in finer quality, worth $18.00 at 10.00
Black Clay Worsteds, best quality, silk lined, very cheap at 12.00
Boys' two-garment suits ages 3 to 11, made in fancy designs, double breasted style 2.48
Boys' Extra Good Knee Pants, strongly sewed ..... .48

Heed our warning and come soon, or you may have cause to regret your delay.

BEERS & COMPANY.

NO WAR PRICES HERE

We can suit you, both as to quality and prices in lumbermen's supplies, stoves, ranges, farm machinery and tools, hardware of all kinds, crockery, buggies, wagons, refrigerators, and in fact, everything in this line.

If you doubt it Come and See.

LEWIS HARDWARE COMPANY.

To California.

Attention is called to the excellent service of the North-Western Line to California and the favorable rates which have been made for single and round trip tickets for this season's travel. Best accommodations in first-class or tourist sleeping cars, which run through every day in the year. Personally conducted tourist car parties every week to California and Oregon. Choice of a large number of different routes without extra charge.

Particulars cheerfully given upon application to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y, or connecting lines. n17-d26.

A Girl or Middle-aged Woman who would like a position in the country for the winter, with a man and wife may learn particulars regarding same at this office.

Pine and Farm Lands.

Parties desiring to purchase Pine and Farm Lands in Oneida, Lincoln and Langlade counties, for low prices and easy terms, address
Van Heuke & Smart,
Merrill, Wis.
Agents for Wisconsin River Land Co.
a 43m.

The Best Plaster.

A piece of flannel dampened with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bound on the affected parts is superior to any plaster. When troubled with a pain in the chest or side, or a lame back, give it a trial. You are certain to be more than pleased with the prompt relief which it affords. Pain Balm is also a certain cure for rheumatism. For sale at Palace Drug Store.

The Affairs of Europe

are faithfully portrayed in the original and exclusive cable dispatches which THE CHICAGO RECORD prints daily from the leading capitals of the old world. This magnificent special service is in process of being greatly extended so as to include every important city in Europe; and it is supplemented by the full regular cable service of The Associated Press.

The Chicago Record, alone of all American newspapers outside New York city, now prints original and exclusive cable dispatches daily from the leading capitals of Europe.

THE STORY TELLER

THREE PRAYERS.

An infant in its cradle slept.
And in its sleep it smiled—
And one by one three women knelt
To kiss the fair-haired child:
And each thought of the days to be
And treathed a prayer half silently.

One poured her love on many lives,
But knew love's toil and care;
Its burdens oft had been to her
A heavy weight to bear:
She stooped and murmured lovingly:
"Not burdened hands, dear child, for thee."

One had not known the burdened hands,
But knew the empty heart;
At life's rich banquet she had sat
An unfed guest, apart:
"Oh, not," she whispered tenderly,
"An empty heart, dear child, for thee."

And one was old; she had known care,
She had known loneliness;
She knew God leads us by no path
His presence cannot bless:
She smiled and murmured trustfully:
"God's will, dear child, God's will for thee."
—Kate Tucker Goole, in Alkahest.

Held for His Own Murder

"IT IS all arranged for tomorrow," said Mrs. Latymer-Wynne, as she and her husband took their seats at the dinner table.

"What is arranged?" asked her husband, a little grumpily, for he had had a long and fatiguing day in the city.

"O, the football match, of course."

"And are you going to waste your afternoon in looking on?"

"O, no; I am going to play."

"You cannot be serious, Kate. You, a married woman with two children, going to exhibit yourself in that way before a crowd of loafers! And in that dress, too!"

"Well, the dress is a little unbecoming—that's the worst of it. But as to exhibiting one's self, that's all nonsense. Isn't it a woman's business to exhibit herself? Don't we all exhibit ourselves when we go to a drawing-room?"

Mrs. Latymer-Wynn was decidedly cleverer than her husband, and kept him, on the whole, in a state of subjection. He was a good, honest fellow, who did well on the stock exchange, where his high animal spirits and propensity for practical joking were much appreciated; but he was no match for his pretty wife in the little verbal conflicts which sometimes take place between the most affectionate couples.

"I'm really lucky to have the chance," she went on. Mrs. Flyte—that's our captain, you know—said that, on present form, I hadn't much claim to a place on the team, but that, as two of her cracks were down, she'd give me a trial. O, wasn't it good of her?"

"And you're going to allow a lot of cads to criticise you, and perhaps call out: 'Get it, Tommy,' as they did at a ladies' football match the other day. Ladies, indeed! It's positively disgusting!"

"O, I think I'm all right, Harry. And if they like to call me 'Tommy' I don't mind. You know it's meant in admiration."

"You will regret it yourself one day, Kate—I am sure you will."

But Mrs. Latymer-Wynn only smiled. Still, if she could have foreseen the terrible calamity that was about to befall her she would have relented. But who can foresee the future.

Those who are living in Clapham—or, indeed, anywhere in the city, at that time cannot have forgotten the extraordinary sensation that was excited by what was called the Clapham mystery. And the scene of the mystery was Mrs. Latymer-Wynn's house.

It appeared that, as the various rooms in the upper story were in the hands of painters and paperers, Mr. Latymer-Wynn occupied temporarily the library on the ground floor as a bedroom, while his wife slept with the children on another floor.

Nothing occurred during the night to disturb those who slept upstairs. But when the servants came down in the morning and proceeded to call their master they were unable to rouse him. The door was forced open.

There was no sign of Mr. Latymer-Wynn, but there were various indications of a desperate struggle.

One of the windows was open below, and between this window and the bed the floor was strewn with fragments of the heavy china ewer belonging to the washstand. It appeared as if this had been used by the unfortunate man as the only thing in the nature of a weapon within reach. More ominous still, a closer inspection revealed blood stains on the carpet.

A little later Inspector Bickerdyke, the celebrated detective made his appearance on the scene.

It almost seemed as if even Inspector Bickerdyke would for once be baffled. But at last his patience was rewarded; a sweep made his appearance on the scene and informed the detective that as he was passing the house in the early dawn he had seen a man, shabbily dressed in a gray suit, stealing from the premises.

The inspector's small eyes twinkled with satisfaction as he listened to this statement. The mere fact that the criminal wore a gray suit did not seem much to go upon, but Inspector Bickerdyke felt sure that it would be enough for him. He would track that gray suit to the remotest corner of the earth.

The next morning there was in all the papers a long account of "The Clapham Mystery." A well-known member of the stock exchange had been surprised by burglars when asleep, and after a desperate resistance had been murdered and the body carried off. And yet all the efforts of the police to discover where the corpse had been hidden had been fruitless.

But, the investigation having been intrusted to Inspector Bickerdyke, that famous detective had already made an arrest on suspicion. He had succeeded in tracking one of the supposed murderers—the man in the gray suit—step by step from Clapham to Whitechapel, where he had discovered him in a low public house and arrested him. It was added that he would be brought before the magistrates some time that day (Saturday).

When the man was placed in the dock he refused to give his name and address, nor would he give any account of himself. He had, therefore, been taken to the station and there searched and his clothes examined. Blood stains were found upon them.

These might be accounted for by a fresh cut on the thumb of the right hand. He had in his possession a large sum of money in notes and gold, of which he refused to give any account. In fact, he had hardly spoken a dozen words since his arrest.

But the strongest piece of evidence against him was that a watch and chain had been found upon him which had been shown to Mrs. Latymer-Wynne and which had been identified by her as belonging to her husband.

The evidence of the servants and of the sweep (who swore to his identity) was taken, and then Mrs. Latymer-Wynne made her appearance. Apparently even his hardened nature had broken down at the thought of confronting the widow of his victim, for he came lurk into court holding a handkerchief to his eyes

Her evidence was short, relating as it did merely to the disappearance of her husband and the identification of the watch and chain. The prisoner declined to put any questions to the witness. He was now asked if he wished to say anything before being removed.

"Well, there is one thing I should like to ask," he said, "and that is whether there is any law in England against a man wearing his own watch and chain?"

"Don't trifle with the court," said the magistrate, sternly.

But something in the sound of the prisoner's voice had caused Mrs. Latymer-Wynne to turn around and to look at him again

"What, Harry!" she cried, "is it you?"

"What is the meaning of all this?" asked the magistrate, glaring at Inspector Bickerdyke.

"Beg pardon, your worship," he stammered; "it beats me hollow."

"Allow me to explain," said the prisoner, blandly. "I am Mr. Latymer-Wynne, and I am curious to know why a gentleman may not leave his own house early in the morning without being arrested. May I ask what crime I have committed?"

"LADIES, INDEED, IT'S POSITIVELY DISGUSTING."

"Your conduct is most reprehensible, sir," said the magistrate, ruffling with a sense of wounded dignity.

"Pardon me, your worship," said the prisoner. "I have done nothing. I have simply been passive in the hands of Inspector Bickerdyke.

"And what was your object in playing such a farce?" asked the magistrate, gulping down his indignation.

"Well, I had two objects. The first is a private one, with which I will not trouble your worship. The other was to see how far the cleverness of a London detective would go. Now that I have got one of them to arrest a man as his own murderer I am satisfied. I think I have established a record."

"How could you give me such a fright, Harry?" said Mrs. Latymer-Wynne as, a few minutes later, she and her husband were driving home together in a cab. It was cruel of you."

"O, you know well enough. I had to stop you somehow from playing in that beastly football match. Next time I shall do something worse."

"But Harry, dear, you cannot really have thought that I ever meant to play. Why, I only said it to tease you."

"O?" said Harry. "Then I needn't have smashed the water jug to cut my finger, after all. But who is to know what a woman does mean?"—Chicago Tribune.

Duty Before All Things.

The blind devotion with which an old servant did his duty was illustrated on one occasion when his master had a dinner party. During the dinner Henry was very nervous and made two or three blunders.

His master showed his annoyance and cast angry glances at his servant, but the poor man could not settle quietly to his work. At last, when the dessert had been placed quietly on the table, he stole timidly behind his master's chair and said: "Please sir, can you spare me now? My house has been on fire for the last hour and a half!"—Answers.

Growth of Melbourne.

Melbourne, which consisted of 13 huts, and was known as Beargrass at the time of Queen Victoria's accession, is now classed as the seventh city of the British empire, coming in after London, Liverpool, Glasgow, Manchester, Birmingham and Calcutta.

YOUTHS' DEPARTMENT

THE WAIL OF A DUNCE.

Now just because I hate my Greek
(It's hard as hard can be),
And just because my Algebra
I'm sure does not like me;
And just because my Latin Prose
I couldn't get at once,
(And haven't since, to tell the truth)
My teacher calls me "dunce!"

Now, there's that little Haley boy!
How prim he walks! Can't run!
Can't play football, or even swim;
Is frightened at a gun!
And yet, to hear that boy recite
You'd think he knew it all.
You'd think that he was born in Greece,
And learned to talk in Gaul!

And so the teacher praises him.
I think he is a muff,
And that this nonsense has gone on
For me quite long enough!
A little common sense is what
A teacher, now, should show,
And realize books don't hold all
A fellow ought to know.

I'd like to take my teacher and
Jim Haley out some day,
And show them where that eagle builds,
And how those squirrels play,
And where I find my fish and game
And flowers. They might agree
That "dunces" can discover things
Some people do not see!
—Gertrude Morton Cannon, in Youth's Companion.

HOW ANTS MAKE SLAVES.

Warrior Ants, a Large Red Variety, Enslave the Small and Weaker Species.

The warrior ant is a slave-making species. It is a large red kind, and it makes raids against nests of the small yellow turf ant, a mild and docile race, large numbers of which it carries off to act as servants.

But it does not steal fully grown turf ants; their habits are formed and they would be useless for such a purpose. What the warrior ant wants is raw material, which can be turned into thoroughly well-trained servants. So it merely kills the adult ants which strive to oppose its aggression and contents itself with trundling home to its own nest the larvae and pupae of the turf ants which it has put to flight and vanquished.

In time these grubs and cocoons produce full-grown yellow workers, which can be taught by the warrior ants to act as nurses and housemaids. I once saw in a garden in Algiers a great pitched battle going on between slavemakers and the family of the future slaves, in which the ground was strewn with the corpses of the vanquished. Not till the nest of the smaller ants was almost exterminated did they retire from the unequal contest and allow the proud invader to carry off their brothers and sisters in their cocoons, asleep and unconscious. Occasionally, by dint of mere numbers, they beat off the invader with heavy loss; but much more often the large and strong jawed warriors win the day and destroy to a worker the opposing forces. They crush their adversaries' heads with their viselike mandibles. Meanwhile, within the nest, the other half of the workers—the division told off as special nurses—are otherwise employed in defending and protecting the rising generation. At the first alarm, at the first watchword passed with waving antennae through the nest: "A warrior host is attacking us!" they hurry to the chambers where the cocoons are stored and bear them off in their mouths into the recesses of the nest, the lowest and most inaccessible of all the chambers.—Grant Allen, in Strand.

DOG CLIMBS TREES.

Graf Roland Can Beat His Feline Enemies at Their Own Game of Climbing.

Friedrich Richter, an honest burger of Kitzinger, Bavaria, has a dog for which he has more than once been offered a handsome price. Graf Roland is the name of the animal, whose specialty is climbing trees after birds or cats. The fame of the clever canine has spread far and near, and showmen have made many munificent offers for it, but Mr. Richter persistently refuses to sell.

CLIMBS A TREE LIKE A CAT.

Smart Young Man.

"Now, Harry," asked the teacher of the juvenile class, "what is the meal we eat in the morning called?"

"Oatmeal," was the little fellow's prompt reply.—Tit-Bits.

Cheap Generosity.

Mamma—See how willing baby is to give me a piece of candy.

Johnny — Huh! He knows you're only pretending to take it.—Puck.

SAVED BY HIS DOG.

Little Eddie Kleintop Owes His Life to the Rare Devotion of a Canine Pet.

Little Eddie Kleintop, the six-year-old son of Edward Kleintop, of Eldred township, Pa., owes his life to a dog's fidelity. For two days and nights he was lost in the wilds of the Pocono mountains. The child's account is simple. This is it:

"I slept all night, mamma, and doggie was close to me. I took him for a pillow. He was so nice and warm. He didn't have anything to eat, but I picked an awful lot of berries."

The Kleintops live in the country, on the border of Carbon county. Eddie went out with some of the neighbors to pick huckleberries. They were so busy with their berrying that they forgot about the little fellow and he wandered off.

The woods and the mountain sides were searched in a vain effort to find the missing child.

That night a fearful storm swept over the mountains. It was such a night as the bravest man would not care to be alone in in the mountains When the Kleintops thought of their little child, thinly clad and unprotected, at the mercy of the elements and perhaps of wild beasts, they shuddered "He is dead," they said. "He could not have lived through that awful night."

EDDIE AND HIS DOG.

Two days later Penrose Walck mountaineer, slowly made his way to the home of the Kleintops. In his arms he carried the lost Eddie, and at his heels trotted the faithful dog. Walck said he had found the little fellow four miles from the place where he was lost.

The wonderful devotion of the dog was shown in a singular manner Walck offered Eddie some food he had with him, but the child refused to eat it. Then it was offered the dog, but despite the fact that it had not tasted food in two days the dog refused to touch it until his little master offered it to him. Then he devoured it ravenously.

Never did child have a truer friend than this dog was to Eddie. When Walck approached them the dog growled ominously and prepared to attack him. But Eddie recognized in Walck a friend and ran to him, and then the dog came up and meekly licked his hand.—N. Y. World.

One and One Are Two.

A state superintendent of schools was recently examining a class of girls in natural history. "Tell me the names of any animals you know," he began; but the faces of the children expressed bewilderment at the request. At length, however, a little girl at the back of the class shot up her hand as though a bright idea had suddenly struck her. "Ah," said the questioner, "the smallest girl in the class knows. Well, my dear, what is it?" "A worm," came the triumphant answer. "Well—er—yes; a worm is really an animal, but can no one think of any other?" Again profound silence reigned. "If I were one of you big girls," the superintendent remarked after a pause, on seeing the same hand held up, "I should be ashamed of myself." Then, turning to the little scholar, as a last resort: "Well, what is it this time, my girl?" "Another worm, mister," was the quick response.

Making It Worth While.

An Irishman walking the streets engaged in counting some money accidentally dropped a nickel, which rolled into a crack between two boards. He was much agitated over the trifling loss, and went away muttering. Early the next day a friend discovered the Irishman in the act of deliberately dropping a silver dollar down the same crack through which he had lost his nickel. The friends was, of course, much amused and desired to know why a man should throw away money. In reply he received the following astonishing explanation: "It is this way. Yesterday I was passing along here when I lost a nickel down that crack. Now, I reckoned that it wasn't worth while to pull up that sidewalk for a nickel, but last night a scheme struck me, and I am dropping down the dollar now to make it worth my while!"

Betrayed by His Manners.

A western man prominent as an educator tells of a trip on a far western stage coach. He sat beside the driver and tried to engage him in conversation, but the driver was silent, and almost surly. The stage stopped for dinner at a little eating house, and when it rolled away again the driver talked and told stories and acted like another man. Later he explained the matter. "I didn't take a shine to you this morning," he said, "because I thought you was a gospel fellow, but when I seen you eating pie with a fork, I knowed right away you was a gambler."

THE COLONEL'S LOGIC.

He Thought That Where the Champagne Flowed the Fish Would Be Plenty.

"I only wish I had thought of it befo'!" exclaimed Col. Stillwell, as he seized his hat.

"Where are you going?"

"To the sto' to buy some fishin' tackle. I've missed a lot of good spo't this summah, and I've got to hurry and make up for lost time. When I think of what a little carelessness has cost me I am positively ashamed!"

"Why, you can fish at any time."

"No, I can't. I can fish at any time in the future. But I can't call back the golden hours when I might have been fishin' at Newpo't News. I'm willin' to put up with the inconveniences of a night trip in order to get there, suh, and not waste any mo' time. I'm a fishuhman by nature, suh, and I have hitherto imagined that I have done some very fancy angling. But when I think of the harvest I ought to have been taking care of I feel that I haven't a minute to lose. I'm goin' to have a go at them even if I have to chop a hole in the ice and sit orvh it in a furtrimmed ovuhcoat like an Eskimo."

"But why Newport News? There's fishing elsewhere."

"So I used to think. Ah, my boy, it's painful to think of what we miss in this life because we don't figure things out properly. Where have most of the ships been launched lately?"

"Why, at Newport News, I believe."

"Exactly so. And when they launch the ship what do they do?"

"Why, they break a bottle of champagne over her bows, for one thing."

"Precisely. And if I am not mistaken most of the fish in the Atlantic ocean and its tributaries have gotten a hint of that fact by this time. They'll be there as thick as stars in the milky way, and all I'll have to do is to drop a line over and pull 'em out."—Washington Star.

HAD FUN WITH HIM.

An Artistic Landsman Gets Some Pointers from the Jolly Sea Rovers.

The sailor man, when in deep water, cannot conceal the feeling of superiority with which he regards the untarred landlubber. Some of the noncombatants who sailed the gulf and the Caribbean during the war learned to keep an eye on the mariners, and others gained painful experience before they got their sea legs.

An artist who boarded a grimy tugboat clad in white linen found his coat covered with coal dust when he was a day from port and decided to wash it. He filled a bucket with sea water and fell to work. When he had scrubbed the garment for 20 minutes he was satisfied.

Then it occurred to him to starch the coat pockets. He did so, and pulled out—his gold watch.

He was perturbed. The crew laughed and he rebuked them. They bided their time. Then one of them told the artist that the proper way to restore the coat to its normal color was to tie a line to it, heave it overboard and tow it for a few hours. The artist did so.

When he went below a deck hand hauled the coat aboard, untied the line and hiding the coat made fast a ragged piece of white duck and threw it overboard.

When the owner of the coat pulled in his line he was the anxiest man on the tug. And he didn't know just how to accept a deck hand's glibly made explanation, which was that a shark had seized the coat, until the garment was restored to him.—N. Y. Herald.

BEST TIME TO KICK A MAN.

First Save His Life and Then You May Apply Your Boot with Impunity.

Perk and Quirk were walking along the crowded street, feeling very kindly toward themselves and the rest of humanity. Just as they reached the middle of a crossing one of those aggravating individuals who walk one way and look another stepped directly in front of a cable car which was rounding the corner. Of course the car had no fender on it. Nearly everybody in the vicinity yelled, and naturally the bewildered man looked in the wrong direction.

Quirk didn't yell, though. He jumped to the side of the track and grabbed the man by the collar and yanked him clear of the tracks and almost out of his shoes. Then he gave him another ferocious jerk to get him out of the way of an express wagon, and, getting him at proper range at the same time, he gave the poor man a kick that must have driven his spine up into his hat. And with the kick Quirk roared:

"Confound you, keep your eyes open when you are on the street!"

Quirk looked unutterably savage, but Perk tottered to the curb, sat down and laughed until the tears came. Then he said:

"You are the only big enough idiot on earth to save a man's life and then kick him for it."—Chicago Times-Herald.

Information Wanted.

Mrs. Wickwire—I wonder what has become of the paper. There was an article in it I wanted to save—it was about jams.

Mr. Wickwire—Fruit, log or jim?—Indianapolis Journal.

Off Her Mind.

"There's a load off my mind," said the Italian lady, as she deposited the seven bushels of coal that she had picked up along the railroad tracks.—Chicago Evening News.

In Hock.

Hogan—Fwat do this in the paper about "Lock der kaiser" mean?

Grogan—It is a dillikit way av sayin' scak 'im.—Indianapolis Journal.

"I didn't see the widow at the funeral."

"No; her gown fitted so badly that she couldn't restrain her grief enough to be present."—Answers.

Have you written to tell us how much you can afford to pay for an Organ? Do it now.

Estey Organ Co.,
Brattleboro, Vt.

FOR SOUR BABY
CURES WHEN ALL ELSE FAILS.
Does Cures Sprue, Thrush, Canker, Etc. In time. Sold by druggists.
CURES CONSTIPATION

Catarrh

In the head, with its ringing noises in the ears, buzzing, snapping sounds, severe headaches and disagreeable discharges, is permanently cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Do not daily with local applications. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla and make a thorough and complete cure by eradicating from the blood all scrofulous taints and giving health and vigor to the whole system.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine. $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills. 25 cents.

DANGEROUS PROBING.

When It Came to Prying Into Family Secrets She Didn't Want to Be Insured.

She had concluded to take out a life insurance policy and appeared before the examining physician.

"What's your name?" he asked in his crisp business way, and she looked indignant as she answered.

"Age?"

"I didn't come here to answer impertinent questions, sir. I came to be insured."

"But we must know your age in order to fix the rate."

"What rate?"

"The amount you must pay annually for being insured."

"Thirty-three, then," she snapped.

"You must be accurate or it will invalidate the policy."

"Forty; but I must say that I never heard such impudence."

"Weight?"

"I don't know. Neither does anyone else. Just as though that would make any difference."

"Married or single?"

"Single, thank heaven! Not but what I've had plenty of chance—"

"Of course. Any insanity in your family?"

"Sir!" and she tried her best to congeal him with a look.

"I guess that you don't want to be insured."

"And you guessed it right the first time. I don't propose to be a family encyclopedia for you or any other gossip monger," and she flounced out with a vigor that made the doctor think that she was a pretty good subject after all.—Detroit Free Press.

Creeping Consumption

Do not think for a single moment that consumption will ever strike you a sudden blow. It does not come that way.

It creeps its way along.

First, you think it is a little cold; nothing but a little hacking cough; then a little loss in weight; then a harder cough; then the fever and the night sweats.

The suddenness comes when you have a hemorrhage.

Better stop the disease while it is yet creeping.

You can do it with

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

You first notice that you cough less. The pressure on the chest is lifted. That feeling of suffocation is removed. A cure is hastened by placing one of

Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plaster over the Chest.

A Book Free.

It is on the Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

Write us Freely.

If you have any complaint whatever and desire the best medical advice you can possibly receive, write the doctor freely. You will receive a prompt reply, without cost. Address,
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BAD BREATH

"I have been using CASCARETS and as a mild and effective laxative they are simply wonderful. My daughter and I were troubled with sick stomach and our breath was very bad. After taking a few doses of Cascarets we have improved wonderfully. They are a great help in the family."
WILHELMINA NAGEL,
1137 Ritterhouse St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

CANDY CATHARTIC
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Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. Per Box.
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NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

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WINCHESTER LOADED
SHOT GUN SHELLS
USED BY ALL THE CHAMPION SHOTS.
FREE. SEND NAME ON A POSTAL CARD FOR 122 PAGE ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE.
WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO.

The Divorce of a Feud

By J. Noel Johnson.

"LEMME say it to ye in big letters, Fred Peterson, so's you can't fail to see the whole meanin' at one peep. Ef you steal my Betty, an' run off and marry her, I'll fill your hide as full of holes as a musical sieve!"

Thus spoke old Ben Pitchford to young Fred Peterson as the two stood in the road, on Kinniconnick creek, Ky., one May morning three years ago.

The young man, tall and broad, graceful as the pine that, on the hill above them, swayed to and fro at the touch of the winds, met the blazing eyes of old Ben with a look of fearless mirthfulness. There was no defiance or impudence in his face. It was sunshine confronting a black cloud—light not afraid to meet the blackness.

"Oh, shucks! Maj. Pitchford, I know you are a bad man with a gun. I know you've got a quick temper, a cool nerve, a quick eye and a perfect marksmanship. I know you have got a skillful hand and a long bowie. You're got an icy heart in front of a foe, but a mighty warm one to those that have claims on your affection, and in short—ha, ha!—you would split the brain box of an enemy with great suddenness, but you would never, never shoot your son!—your son-in-law! er ha, ha, ha!"

"You can't laugh me down, suh. I've swore it, and nobody ever learn of old Ben Pitchford ever tellin' a lie, much less swearin' one. I'll kill you if you steal my gal!"

The lines of decision were stretched tightly in that grim old face. His black eyes glittered like new dirks.

"I'd like to know," returned the young man, seriously now, but with no resentment in his look or tone, "I'd like to know, Maj. Pitchford, what you're got against me? In what way have I ever offended you? I won't say I am good enough for your daughter. I don't think any man is. But I think I can say, without being egotistical, that I am as good, in any light you want to look at me, as any other young man in these hills. Now, you know what I say is true. Now, tell me—give me one intelligent reason for your opposition to me."

"You know without me tellin' you," spake the old fellow, in low tones, emphasizing with his eyes.

"Indeed, I do not!" protested the young man.

"You don't know, eh, that there has been a Pitchford-Peterson feud for 50 years or more?" returned the old fellow, with a grin of mockery.

"Yes," said Fred, "I knew of the feud, but that is not an intelligent reason for your opposition."

"It hain't, eh?"

"No, sir; it might be good enough for savages or beasts, but—beg your pardon—not for civilized people."

"Then I am a savage—a beast?"

"Not altogether, by any means, sir; but you show the traits of one, if you are eternally disposed to keep alive savage, beastly practices."

"Your father, what of him?"

"He's in the same boat with you, if he wants to continue this abominable feud. Both of you are good enough, in your way—but you have some ways that fit you more for the Black Forest than for the sun plains of the nineteenth century. There is too much of the claw and fang about both of you. The next generation will find the claw and fang extinct in both families."

"Do you mean to tell me, Fred Peterson, that you haven't a secret fang, eager to get into my flesh, and that your likin' for my gal alone keeps it out? Answer that!"

"The answer is easy, sir; I am a graduate of the Transylvania university."

"Education only wraps the fang with silk."

"It plucks out the fang."

"Your great-grandfather killed mine."

"Your grandfather killed mine."

"An uncle of yours killed my brother."

"A brother of yours killed my uncle."

"Forty corpses lay along the track of that feud."

"Yes, 40."

"Now, what do you think of that?"

"I think it's high time to stop it. Yes, I think it's time to cut down the old tree that's borne so much fruit of blood and death, and make a wedding bonfire of the branches! That's just what Betty and I propose to do. We decided, long ago, before we graduated, that we'd close the book at the bloody chapter forever."

"You can't get my consent, suh."

"I shan't ask it."

"And if you steal her, by heaven—remember my oath—I will kill you!"

The two men instantly separated, each going his opposite way.

Fred Peterson was moving along the road with a long, graceful stride. The birds strove to catch him with love songs; the brook leaped up and shouted with merriment; the butterflies besprinkled the brown road ahead with many vivid colors, but he heard nothing, saw nothing. His vision was turned inward, where a great conflict was raging.

"I will have her, I will have her before another month!" he ejaculated.

"Of course you will!" cried a sweet, merry voice from the side of the road. "Of course you will, or I'll sue you for breach of promise!"

The young man started from his reverie as if aroused from sleep by a pistol shot. He looked in the direction of the voice with startled eyes, and beheld a wood nymph, calico clad, standing, laughing at his confusion.

"Why, Betty, what are you doing there?" laughed the handsome man, moving toward her.

"Listening to your vows. But why do you want to be telling the winds? Don't you know they run everywhere?"

"Well, I want to call all nature to witness, you see. But your papa begs leave to differ with me. He says I shall never marry you—that he will never give his consent."

"But I've given mine."

"We can't marry at home."

"Gretna Green is close."

"He says he will kill me if I steal you."

"And he would keep his word if he said it."

"Then, what are we to do?"

"Marry, of course. But I'm in a hurry now, and have no time to talk and plan with you. Go on, now."

"One kiss, please."

"Not one, sir."

"Oh, please."

"Well, there," and she kissed her finger tips, threw them toward him and fled.

"That night, as Fred Peterson lay in his bedroom, tossing to and fro—feverish, unable to sleep, striving, with all his glowing faculties, to formulate a plan by which he could obtain his heart's treasure and at the same time live to enjoy it, he was startled by a light tap on the window. He listened intently, and the tap was repeated—this time quite loud. He rose up to a sitting posture and listened again. Some time elapsed, then came a short rap on the pane. He couldn't be mistaken now. Some one was at the window. He arose, procured his revolver, and slipped cautiously to the window. The night was quite dark, but his eyes vaguely outlined a figure outside.

"Who's out there? What is wanted?" he called.

"You are wanted," came back in mysterious tones.

"Who are you?"

"Raise the window and see."

"It's too dark to see."

"Then hear and feel."

"I fear it's a burglar."

"The burglar doesn't want much."

"What does the burglar want?"

"Only you."

He raised the window and cautiously thrust out his head.

He couldn't see a face, but two soft, warm lips accidentally ran against his own. And two arms that he thought he recognized, went around his neck—all by accident.

"Get on your things, darling," said a voice in tones affectedly masculine. "Come quick, dear, before your stern old father hears us. The coast is clear, darling, but—ha, ha!—there is no time to lose. Two gallant steeds await, impatiently, our coming."

"Oh, er—I fear—" hesitated Fred.

"True love fears nothing," spoke the one on the outside, half appealing, half commanding, adding, in half serious, half laughing tones: "Come, while yet the day crouches under the eastern wall, while yet upon thy cruel father's eyelids press the leaden fingers of deep sleep. Soon the bird of dawning will begin to drive the damp dark with his long, high notes. Come, sweet creature, come away and let's be one ere comes another day!"

Fred hesitated no longer, but hastily dressed and had soon crawled through the window, landing in the odorous embrace of his nocturnal visitant.

A soft, warm palm embraced his fingers, and an eager, sweet voice said: "Come, this way!"

A few seconds later, Maj. Tom Peterson, suddenly awakening, heard a muffled volley of hoofs on the road, wondered what it could mean, then went back to sleep again.

At about ten o'clock on the morning of the above strange episode Maj. Tom Peterson was sitting out on his veranda, cleaning up his trusty old rifle. He hadn't found out yet that his son Fred was not in his room. The latter, of late, kept no regular hours, and the father didn't even know whether the son had slept at home. While quietly engaged wiping the last vestige of dirt from barrel and hammer he casually cast his eye down the road, and beheld his enemy by inheritance coming toward his house at a furious stride. He now rose up and assumed a questioning attitude, as he had never had a visit from Maj. Pitchford. He saw the latter was white from some awful passion.

Up to the yard gate came Maj. Pitchford and commanded his enemy "to step out."

"Must I bring this?" queried Peterson, tapping his gun.

"No, suh, not now, suh. Come heah this minute, suh."

Peterson went out, and while he was approaching the gate Pitchford, with a nervous hand, drew a piece of paper from his pocket, and reached it toward the former, commanding:

"Read this, suh, and tell me what we'll do about it, suh!"

Maj. Peterson read the following:

"Dearest Papa: I learned to-day that you had taken an oath to kill my Fred if he stole me and ran off with me. I know you well enough to know you would not break that oath. What was I to do? Could I give him up? Of course not! Would I allow my husband shot before my own eyes by my own father? Certainly not! What must I do? What could I do? Well, good sense came to my rescue, and I decided to steal Fred! Before you read this I will have stolen him, but will be given a legal right to keep the stolen goods. Your loving daughter, BETTIE."

Maj. Peterson stood a moment, stunned with awe. Then he burst into a loud laugh.

"Well, major, we're in a neat trap! But I shan't kill your daughter, suh, for stealing my son, suh! My voice is this: I'll break my gun and bless my daughter. What do you propose to do, suh?"

The old man's face was dark for a moment; then mirth struck it and shattered it into smiles.

"By George, major, I'll snap my bowie and bless my son, suh!"

"Give me your hand! This marriage of our children, suh—"

"Divorces the feud forever, suh!" Criterion.

First Coffee in Western Europe.

Louis XIV. of France drank the first cup of coffee made in western Europe. Coffee was then worth $25 a pound.

War Reminiscences

SANK IN DARKNESS.

The Mysterious Fate of a Federal Monitor That Approached Fort Sumter.

People who have been feeling a little shaky about our coast defenses and their possible efficacy in case of an attack by the Spaniards may gain courage by hearing how the Patapsco went down in Charleston harbor in the early dawn of January 15, 1865.

During the last seven months of the siege of Charleston Fort Sumter was in charge of Maj. T. A. Huguenin, a typical young officer given to the southern confederacy by the South Carolina military academy. It may be remembered that the winter of 1864-65 was particularly cold and rainy and the consequent sea fogs made the difficulties of the situation at Fort Sumter extremely hard and guard duty a ceaseless and most imperative necessity. It was the young commander's custom to rise every morning at four, with each man at his post from that hour until sunrise, for he felt confident that if an assault were to be made it would occur during the dark hours just before dawn.

"One misty night," quoting Maj. Huguenin's own account, "I was aroused by the officer on duty and informed that a low-lying craft was approaching Fort Sumter from seaward. Hearing this I immediately ascended the watch tower, and after looking steadily through my field glass, observed what might have been taken for a phantom ship slowly and silently creeping up toward us. This stealthy visitor, I surmised, was nothing less than a monitor, and I presumed that, coming in so unusually close, she must have some evil intention. I thought that she would either open fire at short range to attract our attention while an attack of some kind would be made upon the rear of the fort, or that she was bringing in men to make a sudden dash by barges upon the sea face, where the debris made by the bombardment sheltered down toward the water's edge, inviting assault. We were prepared to meet either attempt and got ready to meet whatever might ensue as silently as herself, for I wished to induce her to come as near as possible to the fort, hoping to surprise her by a very warm welcome. Capt. Hal Lesesne's company of the First South Carolina regular artillery was doing guard duty at Fort Sumter just then and I knew that our only gun battery, which was mounted on a bomb proof below, would do effective work in the hands of these experienced artillerymen.

"A speaking tube ran from the ramparts to this embrasure where the guns lay, quietly waiting to be used. I therefore called through this tube to Capt. Lesesne and said: 'Look toward the sea at an approaching object; train your guns upon it, and at the word of command fire, aiming the largest one in the battery yourself.'

"'Very well, sir,' replied Lesesne. 'I will open fire on her as soon as you are ready.'

"Returning to the watch tower I waited several minutes to let the monitor get within range; then, hastening to the tube, gave the order: 'Fire!'

"Holding my breath, I stood motionless, expecting to hear the quick, responsive roar of the guns; but, to my intense surprise, the silence remained unbroken. Supposing that Capt. Lesesne had not heard my voice I repeated the command in louder tones, burning with impatience at this delay, fearing that the Ironclad might withdraw before we could get a chance to send her to the bottom of the sea, as we had done her companion, the Keokuk, with the cannon of Fort Sumter. In the silence which still ensued my heart beat so loud that it sounded in my ears like a drum summoning Lesesne to do his part, for I was sure that he could sink her where she then stood. Yet the same unaccountable inaction continued. Calling for the third time I exclaimed: 'Lesesne, in God's name why don't you fire?'

"'I have lost sight of the monitor, sir,' answered the artillery captain.

"Almost beside myself with excitement and disappointment, I hurried below, raised my field glass and gazed seaward; but nothing could I see of this unfriendly visitor, the ghostly warship having vanished as completely as if she had been an optical illusion. To say that we were amazed is to express our feelings very mildly, and we continued to scan the ocean, searching for the missing craft in every direction until dawn began to break over the cold gray sea.

HER SMOKESTACK ALONE PROTRUDED.

"Meanwhile the tide had gone down during this period of anxious expectancy and as daylight approached one of us observed what looked in the mist like a post projecting out of the water where nothing had appeared the previous afternoon. Then did we realize the reason of the sudden disappearance of the missing ironclad. She had struck a torpedo and had gone down into the water as silently as a spirit, her smokestack alone revealing the fate that she had met in Charleston harbor on January 15, 1865, carrying with her to a seaman's burial 62 men of her crew."

Remember, torpedoes had just been invented then; now the whole world recognizes their value in war's work of destruction.—Philadelphia Times.

A LESSON IN WAR.

The Experiences of a Noted Missouri Statesman, Colonel and Philosopher.

That eminent Missouri philosopher, Col. John T. Crisp, sat in a group of statesmen, and grew reminiscent on the civil war. "When that war came," he said, "I was secretary of the senate in Missouri. There were 200 men in the legislature, and they were all warmakers. Connected with the legislature in various capacities were perhaps 500 more men, and they were all for war. Altogether, I suppose there were gathered at Jefferson City at that time about 1,000 men engaged in warmaking. I don't suppose a more warlike body of men ever assembled in the history of the world. I listened to them, and I felt it was my duty to fight. I joined the confederate army under Price and McCullough. As I now

AFTER THE BATTLE.

recall it, I had a feeling that I must be in the first battle that was fought, and in every battle that occurred until the war was ended. It seemed to me that if I missed a battle it would be noticed, and everybody would be talking about my neglect of duty.

"The battle of Wilson's Creek was fought. I was there, of course. After it I saw very few of the 1,000 who had been so ardent for warmaking while we were at Jefferson City. On the field I saw perhaps half a dozen of my acquaintances who had been killed. Naturally it seemed to me that all of those warmaking men I had known at Jefferson City had been slain. I wept, of course. I was in a humor to weep. There was nothing else to do. Such an experience put a thoughtful mood upon me. I theorized and meditated. It didn't take me long to arrive at a point where I despised war; for, notwithstanding that my side had gained the day at that battle, all of my friends had been destroyed. I was left alone to tread some military banquet hall deserted.

"The war went on, to my surprise. It was waged and it raged. I was compelled to associate with strange people I had never seen nor heard of before. Under such circumstances and conditions I found myself caring less and less for death. In truth, I began to look upon death as a friend, as a means of translation. Sooner or later, I hoped sooner, I would be translated to the Elysian fields to which my friends had been taken from the bloody fields of Wilson's Creek and Pea Ridge. Four years sped. Conscription came on our side. It took first all between 21 and 45; then all from 20 to 60. Finally it claimed all from 16 to 70, and later the mothers of the south began to hide their cradles and cemetery inspectors were appointed to see if some had not been prematurely buried.

"The end came. To Grant and Sherman and the other federal generals surrendered the remnants of those millions of men who had been ready to go forth without guns, armed and inspired with the justice of their cause. Then we plodded back to our homes. To our amazement, the earth had not been removed by the federal army. The water had not ceased to flow. The limpid streams of our boyhood went laughing and dancing by just as they did before the invasion of the rights of the south. Strange as it seemed, and assaulting as it was upon the oratory which filled the air before the war, the seasons came and went as if secession had never been heard of. Within a short time it was suggested that there be a confederate reunion, where the little remnant of us who had survived the war might gather and keep green the memories of their comrades. All who had sympathized with the lost cause were asked to come.

"To my amazement, chagrin and disgust, I discovered that the few dead men I had seen on my side were all that had really been killed or had ever seen the war. An accurate roll call of that great warmaking body at Jefferson City showed that four-fifths were still alive, had never been in battle, and had seen few persons who had been in battle. They had become the stanchest and most influential union men in the country, and were prepared to tell us how to become thoroughly reconstructed and good citizens!"—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Devious Definitions.

Forgettery—Better than memory at times.

Kaleidoscope—Another name for a woman's mind.

Chatterbox—The one occupied by a theater party.

Success—The one road on the map that leads to popularity.

Hog—An animal that gets right down to the root of things.

Divorce—The only difference between matrimony and alimony.

Quinine—A bitter enemy of the ague and one that's hard to shake.

Debt—A trap that man baits, sets and then deliberately walks into.

Society—A Punch and Judy show in which the figures are dollars instead of sense.—Chicago Evening News.

Forget it? Toothache won't let you. Don't forget St. Jacobs Oil will cure.

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"Pa, what is a lineal descendant?"

"A lineal descendant is a person who has to fall back on some praiseworthy ancestor for his own importance."—Detroit Free Press.

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The use of his tongue is not what makes a canine a lap dog.—Golden Days.

Piso's Cure is the medicine to break up children's Coughs and Colds.—Mrs. M. G. Blunt, Sprague, Wash., March 8, '94.

The hardest work is trying to keep out of work.—Washington (Ia.) Democrat.

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The "American Boy" Battleship.

Every patriotic American hopes the school boys of the United States will succeed in their efforts to raise $3,000,000, which will be used in building a battleship to be called the "American Boy." It costs great sums of money to build a warship, but you build up your health with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters at small expense. This remedy is an appetizer, tonic, blood purifier and stimulant. It is for stomach, liver and bowel disorders.

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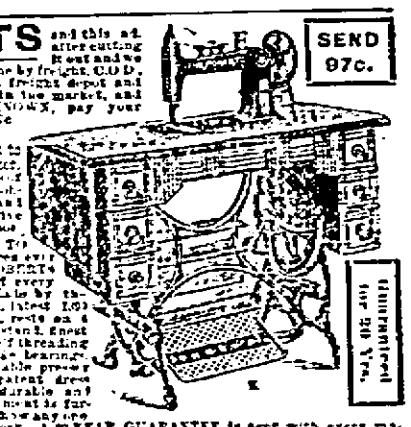

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RAY'S RECRUIT

BY CAPTAIN CHARLES KING, U.S.A.

AUTHOR OF "THE COLONEL'S DAUGHTER," "FROM THE RANKS," ETC.

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The fact that Hunter could not have been connected with the robbery was pointed out to Mainwaring as they sat in consultation, Stannard, Mainwaring, Truscott and Dana, in the adjutant's office that night, Blake being still in limbo, and Ray being excluded because he had resented Mainwaring's refusal to allow him an interview with his imprisoned trooper. It was pointed out that Hunter's enlistment occurred some time previous to the train robbery, and none present happened to think of the fact that he had asked for and obtained a pass the very night before it happened. Then Brady was sent for, and with him came his comrade, still on leave from Winthrop, Mr. Rawson.

"You hear how completely Sergeant Merriweather's antemortem statement has cleared Hunter, gentlemen," said Stannard. "Now, I suppose, you are satisfied."

"As to that point, major, yes," said Mr. Rawson, with preternatural sang froid. "But I understand you have ordered his release, and he is to come here presently for his exoneration. Is that so?"

"Certainly," growled Stannard. "What of it?"

"Well, first I would ask the trooper when he comes to say where he was at the time of the robbery of the train." And Rawson's face beamed with the consciousness of calm conviction of an erring brother's guilt.

Stannard nodded brusquely. "Entirely unnecessary, Mr. Rawson," said he. "That has already been settled. He has witnesses in plenty—three, at least, here at the post or in town—to establish where he was at that very time. He spent that night and the morning following at the house of one Murray, a carpenter in Butte."

Brady and Rawson exchanged glances indicative of incredulity, but Rawson then went on:

"In justice to my friend Mr. Brady and myself, I ask that he be required, then, to bring with him the silver topped flask the steward says he has there in his room this very day and explain where he was the morning of the train robbery if not with the robbers."

Stannard snorted derisively, but sent the order as requested, and just as the first call was sounding for tattoo Trooper Hunter, pallid, yet calm and self possessed and decidedly prepossessing, was ushered in and stood patiently at attention.

Stannard looked him carefully over and said, "Did you bring that flask?" to which the soldier calmly replied:

"I did, sir, rather unwillingly."

"Why unwillingly?"

"Because," and here a quiet smile flickered over his face, "it is hardly a part of a private soldier's equipment. But it has only been in my possession a few hours since my joining the regiment, and I've not had time to send it away."

Then Stannard turned in his chair and glared at Brady and Rawson. "Well, what do you wish to ask about this flask?"

Rawson rose deliberately. "First, that it be placed here on the table where all can see it; then that I may be permitted to read this." And he unfolded a newspaper.

Very coolly the soldier stepped forward and handed the handsome toy to Stannard, who gazed admiringly at it and placed it in the full light of the lamps on the table of the commanding officer.

Then, clearing his throat, the lieutenant began:

"Among the passengers arriving in this city from the east today is Lord Lunemouth, eldest son and heir of the Earl of Lancaster. Lord Lunemouth is traveling for his health and has been advised to seek the glorious climate of California, but has met with unpleasant experiences on the way. His train was held up by desperadoes in Wyoming, the passengers were robbed and his personal losses consisted of some $200 in cash, a superb watch and a handsome, silver topped flask, the arms of his noble house engraved on the stopper. The latter he valued as a keepsake. Here follows," said Mr. Rawson, "a description of the arms. Here," said he, lifting the flask, "are the arms and motto of the house of Lancaster, and now perhaps this gentleman, whom I perfectly well remember seeing in very different attire aboard the Pacific express the night of the collision, will explain how he came into possession of the missing flask of Lord Lunemouth?"

Then Mainwaring's face was indeed a sight to see, but the amaze deepened, broadened, almost overmastered him when, with perfect composure, the strange trooper replied:

"With pleasure; though this is not Lord Lunemouth's, but the mate to it. It was given to me by a member of the house of Lancaster months ago. At the time of the train robbery it was not in my possession at all. For further information on that head I must refer you to Major Mainwaring."

"House of Lancaster de Blowell!" was that veteran's explosive reply. "It was in my house right here at Ransom at that very time. Say, Rawson, you and Brady haven't had any more sense in this matter than—I have!"

CHAPTER XIV.

A remarkable winter, from a cavalry point of view, was that, the first which the old regiment spent at Ransom, but, like many other things temporal and most things military, it came to an end, and people looking back upon it afterward declared they were rather sorry, after all, for there was so much to make it vividly interesting at the time and to form topics for talk in the weeks to come.

Sensations flattened out lamentably for nearly a fortnight after the quashing of Mainwaring's martial indictment against "the swell of the scrrel troop," as Blake described Hunter, and when they reopened, about the height of the holiday season, other names and households than those herein mentioned were mainly conspicuous, although Blake managed to mix in more than one of them. Between him and Mainwaring was patched a truce, based primarily on the latter's admission that he had probably made a mess of the whole business, but really couldn't be held responsible in the face of such testimony as was offered by prominent officers of the —th, Messrs. Brady and Rawson. Then Blake apologized for comparing the head of the junior major to the wreck of the magazine, and peace with honor, though not without difficulty, was established so far as the men were concerned. It was, in fact, less difficult than in the case of the women, for Miss Leroy had, it seems, a very pretty will of her own that Mrs. Mainwaring could neither bend nor break. Mrs. Mainwaring was of an old and distinguished family, and so was Miss Leroy, and the woman Miss Leroy most seriously affected was Mrs. Blake, nee Bryan, daughter of a rather dissolute old ranchman once well known along Russell. It stung Mrs. Mainwaring that her niece should have, as she said to her and whispered to others, so little pride. The story spread in the regiment through what was whispered, not through what was said, and Miss Leroy, already popular, became a hot favorite forthwith.

She had come to spend the winter, but as soon as the holidays were over and her precious post children had their Christmas tree and other Christmas joys—even before the new year was fairly ushered in—she returned from the morning reading one day and found Mrs. Mainwaring impatiently awaiting her. There were invitations for dinners, etc., extending a week, even ten days, ahead, and Mrs. Mainwaring wished to know which it was her niece's pleasure to accept and was aghast at the reply—any that might be acceptable to aunty up to Jan. 5, none for her after that date, as she would then have to return to New York.

Remonstrance proved utterly useless. The second week in January saw Miss Leroy, accompanied to the station by most of the ladies and a few of their lords, safely aboard the east bound train, with old Ted and Jimmy Long in the lead. There were dozens of the children there to bid her goodby. There were even a number of enlisted men, with whom she warmly shook hands before she took her seat in the roomy Pullman. Captain and Mrs. Blake, her devoted friends, went with her as far as Omaha, where she was to join another party. Mrs. Mainwaring fairly dissolved in tears as they kissed each other goodby, for, after all, Kate was the daughter of a long loved, long lost brother, if she was headstrong and independent, and never yet had woman left the dingy precincts of old Ransom so generally and thoroughly esteemed.

But every one wondered for all that—even the many who would not give their thoughts expression—whether an understanding did not exist, whether she was not going with the expectation of meeting somewhere the remarkable recruit by the name of Hunter, for Hunter had left on a month's furlough just ten days before.

Mrs. Mainwaring declared that Kate's sole reason for going was that she was too conscientious. She found her health restored, no one remembered having heard of it as impaired, and she felt she must return to her kindred in the east and resume her interrupted duties there. But Mrs. Stannard and other wise women well knew that the main reason for her going was that life with Uncle and Aunt Mainwaring was not as peaceful or congenial, despite their pride in and affection for her, as it should have been.

And then there was still another and more vital reason. "Everybody" was talking about her interest in Trooper Hunter and his undoubted admiration for her. But Hunter had had to go back to duty with his troop, had met Miss Leroy only on the long afternoons and evenings when he, with two or three other bluejackets, worked at the festooning and decorating under her active supervision of the post assembly hall. Then he had had an interview with Ray, his captain, that brought matters to a climax. He applied for and received his furlough in the midst of the holidays, left his kit with the first sergeant, his uniform with Murray, the carpenter, and Butte in a snowstorm, the Pullman smoker, and familiar looking tweeds, traveling cap, and ulster, at which Jim Long stared in astonished recognition when as he alighted from his cab at the Junction a swell civilian stepped up and smilingly tendered him a cigar.

Whatever clouds had lowered over the house of Hunter were wafted away the night of that decisive conference of the powers, when Stannard and Truscott demolished the theories of Mainwaring and the aspersions of Brady and company. Even Conway had limped out of his buggy a few days later to say he, too, had been fooled. (He was destined to be fooled still more when a jail delivery turned loose his seven star performers on Christmas eve.) Corporal Crosford and Trooper Elzey still maintained their conviction of Hunter's guilt until Mrs. Merriweather weakened over her husband's death and confirmed his whole confession. The Kid was enjoying a temporary relapse into virtue and was wearing a halo until pay day. Mrs. Merriweather, hailed out by Freeman, was living in temporary retirement in Butte, yet already beginning to "take notice," and all Ransom was wondering what Trooper Hunter had gone on 30 days' furlough for and betting two to one that he never would come back, when he suddenly came.

He had been gone but 20 of the 30 days. He reported in person in the nattiest of fatigue uniforms to Captain Ray just before stable call one sharp, clear January afternoon, and in a brief conversation asked of his captain that he would send to Miss Leroy a little package he had brought with him from the east and was manifestly disappointed when told that she had gone.

Then they probably had not met at all, and Ransom was off the scout again.

Just what might have been the result of this disappointment had matters remained in the usual midwinter plane of monotony cannot be stated. What did happen was a sudden call from the department commander, a sudden demand for a strong escort to accompany him to the hills, despite the biting weather, for sacred Indian lands were being invaded, and only his presence could prevail upon the Sioux to trust the matter of righting the wrong to him and Uncle Sam. Him they trusted readily enough, but shook their shaggy heads at mention of the Great Father. "Let the Gray Fox leave enough soldiers here to drive away the would be miners and prospectors, and they would keep the peace." And so it was ordered. March and April saw the swell trooper deeply interested now, despite longings for news from civilization, in daily contact with and study of these warlike people, learning their uncouth language, buying their furs and beadwork, winning their good will by unexpected gifts and straightforward dealing. May came and trouble. Congress was too busy with other matters to heed the request of the president that the recommendations of the general commanding the department of the frontier be immediately carried out. The horned cattle and other supplies failed to arrive. The Indians said, "Sold again," and scalped an attache of the nearest agency as a hint of what might happen to the agent himself if he didn't expedite those supplies. Mid-May failed to bring the goods, but it brought the grass, and that was enough. Storm signals had been set for a fortnight, yet the tornado burst with sudden and shocking force. Five hundred warriors swooped suddenly into the lower valley of the Ska. Out went every available man from Ransom, Rossiter and Winthrop, and there was war to the knife ere the Gray Fox could interpose.

A "dandy" battalion was that with which Mainwaring danced away that sweet May morning, men and horses the pictures of health and high condition and eager for the field and the fray. Stannard, with his four troops, had marched eastward for the lower valley, but Mainwaring was to hasten to the hills, gather up the little force still in stockade at the nearest agency, then sweep on down to join the others. The telegraph line was repaired to Crested Butte, where the mutiny began, and there came this startling message just in time to meet them:

They drank eagerly.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

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